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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : C07K 14/22, C12N 15/31	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 99/31132 (43) International Publication Date: 24 June 1999 (24.06.99)
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(54) Title: NOVEL SURFACE PROTEIN OF <i>NEISSERIA MENINGITIDIS</i> (57) Abstract <p>The invention provides a novel surface polypeptide from <i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> as well as nucleic acid and nucleic acid sequence homologues encoding this protein. Pharmaceutical compositions containing the polypeptide and nucleic acids of the invention are also disclosed as well as methods useful in the treatment, prevention and diagnosis of <i>N. meningitidis</i> infection.</p>		

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TITLE

"NOVEL SURFACE ANTIGEN"

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention relates to novel polypeptides as for example obtainable from *Neisseria meningitidis*, to nucleotide sequences encoding such polypeptides, to the use of these in diagnostics, in therapeutic and prophylactic vaccines and in the
10 design and/or screening of medicaments.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Neisseria meningitidis is a Gram-negative bacterium and the causative agent of meningococcal
15 meningitis and septicemia. Its only known host is the human, and it may be carried asymptotically by approximately 10% of the population (Caugant, D. et al, 1994, *Journal of Clinical Microbiology*, 32:323-30).

20 *N. meningitidis* may express a polysaccharide capsule, and this allows classification of the bacteria according to the nature of the capsule expressed. There are at least thirteen serogroups of *N. meningitidis*: A,B,C,29-E,H,I,K,L,W135,X,Y and Z, of
25 which serogroups A, B, and C cause 90% of meningococcal disease (Poolman, J.T. et al, 1995, *Infectious Agents and Disease*, 4:13-28). Vaccines directed against serogroups A and C are available, but the serogroup B capsular polysaccharide is poorly
30 immunogenic and does not induce protection in humans.

 Other membrane and extracellular components are therefore being examined for their suitability for

inclusion in vaccines. Examples include the outer membrane proteins of classes 1, 2 and 3 (porins), and classes 4 (Rmp) and 5 (Opacity proteins). However, to date, none of these candidates is able to induce
5 complete protection, particularly in children (Romero, J.D., 1994, *Clinical Microbiology Review*, 7:559-575; Poolman, J.T. et al, 1995, *supra*).

To create an effective vaccine, it is necessary to identify components of *N. meningitidis*
10 which are present in a majority of strains, and which are capable of inducing a protective immune response (bactericidal antibodies). In this regard, reference may be made to Brodeur et al. (International Publication WO 96/29412) who disclose a 22 kDa surface
15 protein which is highly conserved across 99% of all known strains of *N. meningitidis*. Injection of purified recombinant 22 kDa surface protein protected 80% of immunized mice against development of a lethal infection by *N. meningitidis*. Notwithstanding the
20 discovery of this protein, there is still a need to isolate more surface proteins of *N. meningitidis* which are highly conserved across a plurality of strains, and which have immuno-protective profiles against *N. meningitidis*, and/or which may be used in combination
25 with other components of *N. meningitidis* to enhance the efficacy of protection against this organism.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present inventors have discovered a new gene which is present in all tested strains of *N. meningitidis* and which encodes a novel polypeptide
30 having a predicted molecular weight of about 62 kDa. Based upon its sequence characteristics and homologies, this polypeptide is predicted to be an

adhesin and this, together with experimental data suggests that it constitutes a surface protein which may be useful for the production of therapeutic and/or prophylactic vaccines against *N. meningitidis* as described hereinafter.

Accordingly, in one aspect of the invention, there is provided an isolated polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of these, said polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- 10 (a) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 2;
- (b) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 5;
- (c) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 7;
- (d) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 9;
- (e) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO
- 15 11;
- (f) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 13;
- (g) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 15;
- 20 (h) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 17;
- (i) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 19; and
- (j) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO
- 25 21.

Preferably, said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative displays immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- 30 (i) *N. meningitidis*;
- (ii) said polypeptide;
- (iii) said fragment;
- (iv) said variant; and
- (v) said derivative;

According to another aspect, the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of said fragment or polypeptide, according to the first-mentioned aspect. Suitably, said sequence is selected from the group consisting of:

- (1) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 1;
- (2) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 3;
- (3) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 4;
- 10 (4) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 6;
- (5) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 8;
- (6) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 10;
- (7) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 12;
- (8) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 14;
- 15 (9) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 16;
- (10) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 18;
- (11) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 20;
- (12) a nucleotide sequence fragment of any one of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20; and
- 20 (13) a nucleotide sequence homologue of any of the foregoing sequences

Preferably, said sequences encode a product displaying immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- (i) *N. meningitidis*;
- (ii) said polypeptide of the first-mentioned aspect;
- (iii) said fragment of said first-mentioned aspect;
- 30 (iv) said variant of said first-mentioned aspect; and
- (v) said derivative of said first-mentioned aspect.

In yet another aspect, the invention resides in an expression vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to the second-mentioned aspect wherein said sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a host cell containing an expression vector according to the third-mentioned aspect.

In yet a further aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of producing a recombinant polypeptide according to the first-mentioned aspect, said method comprising the steps of:

(A) culturing a host cell containing an expression vector according to the third-mentioned aspect such that said recombinant polypeptide is expressed from said nucleic acid; and

(B) isolating said recombinant polypeptide.

In a still further aspect, the invention provides an antibody or fragment thereof that binds to one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- (1) *N. meningitidis*;
- (2) said polypeptide of the first-mentioned aspect;
- (3) said fragment of the first-mentioned aspect;
- (4) said variant of the first-mentioned aspect; and
- (5) said derivative of the first-mentioned aspect.

In yet another aspect, the invention provides a method of detecting *N. meningitidis* in a biological

sample suspected of containing same, said method comprising the steps of:-

- (A) isolating the biological sample from a patient;
- 5 (B) mixing the above-mentioned antibody or fragment with the biological sample to form a mixture; and
- (C) detecting specifically bound antibody or bound fragment in the mixture which
10 indicates the presence of *N. meningitidis*.

According to a further aspect, there is provided a method of detecting *N. meningitidis* bacteria in a biological sample suspected of
15 containing said bacteria, said method comprising the steps of:-

- (I) isolating the biological sample from a patient;
- (II) detecting a nucleic acid sequence
20 according to the second-mentioned aspect in said sample which indicates the presence of said bacteria.

The invention further contemplates a method for diagnosing infection of patients by *N. meningitidis*, said method comprising the steps of:-
25

- (1) contacting a biological sample from a patient with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention; and
- 30 (2) determining the presence or absence of a complex between said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative and *N. meningitidis*-specific antibodies in said sample, wherein the presence of

said complex is indicative of said infection.

The invention also extends to the use of the polypeptide according to the first-mentioned aspect,
5 the use of the nucleic acids according to the second-mentioned aspect or the use of the antibody or antibody fragment mentioned above in a kit for detecting *N. meningitidis* bacteria in a biological sample.

10 According to a further aspect of the invention, there is provided a pharmaceutical composition comprising an isolated polypeptide or fragment thereof, or a variant or derivative of these, according to the first mentioned aspect.

15 Preferably, said pharmaceutical composition is a vaccine.

In yet a further aspect, the invention provides a method of preventing infection of a patient by *N. meningitidis*, comprising the step of
20 administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of the above-mentioned vaccine.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a method of identifying an immunoreactive fragment of a polypeptide, variant or derivatives according to the
25 first mentioned aspect, comprising the steps of:-

- (a) generating a fragment of said polypeptide, variant or derivative;
- (b) administering said fragment to a mammal; and
- 30 (c) detecting an immune response in said mammal which response includes production of elements which specifically bind *N. meningitidis* and/or said polypeptide, variant or

derivative, and/or a protective effect against *N. meningitidis* infection.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

5 "FIG. 1 depicts plasmid maps and cloning strategy. Primers A3A and A3B (SEQ ID NOS 28 and 29, respectively) were used to amplify from MC58 the region identified in the TIGR database as a homologue of AIDA-I". PCR product was cloned to give pNMAIDA3.
10 Primers A3C (SEQ ID NO 30) and A3D (SEQ ID NO 31) were used in inverse PCR to amplify a 3kbp *EagI* fragment encompassing *hiaNm*. This product was cloned to give piEAGA3. piEAGA3 was subcloned to give piEagA3.8 and piEagA3.9. Primers HiaNm:M and HiaNm:P (SEQ ID NOS 22
15 and 23, respectively) were used to amplify the contiguous region from MC58 and the product cloned to create pHiaNm. Primers Hia-MBPA (SEQ ID NO 24) and Hia-MBPB (SEQ ID NO 25) were used to amplify the open reading frame of *hiaNm*, and the product was cloned
20 into pMALC2 to create pMBP-HiaNm;

FIG. 2 is a Southern blot of genomic DNA of a number of strains of *N. meningitidis*. 2A: serogroup B strains. Lane 1 PMC28, Lane 2 PMC27, Lane 3 PMC25, Lane 4 PMC24, Lane 5 PMC16, Lane 6 PMC13, Lane 7
25 PMC12, Lane 8 MWt standards, Lane 9 2970, Lane 10 1000, Lane 11 528 Lane 12 SWZ107, Lane 13 H41, Lane 14 H38, Lane 15 NGH36, Lane 16 H15, Lane 17 NGG40, Lane 18 NGF26, Lane 19 NGE30, Lane 20 Lane NGE28 2B: Strains of serogroups other than B. Lane 1 PMC3, Lane
30 2 PMC17, Lane 3 PMC20, Lane 4 PMC23, Lane 5 PMC8, Lane 6 PMC9, Lane 7 PMC11, Lane 8 PMC14, Lane 9 PMC18, Lane 10 PMC21, Lane 11 PMC29, Lane 12 MWt standards, Lane 13 PMC19, Lane 14 PMC1, Lane 15 PMC6, Lane 16 PMC10, Lane 17 PMC22, Lane 18 PMC26, Lane 19 PMC2. Molecular

weight markers indicated in kilobase pairs (kb). Genomic DNA was hybridized with a probe corresponding to ntp 276-2054 of SEQ ID NO 1;

FIG. 3 shows a Coomassie stained gel of MBP-HiaNm. Cells containing pMALC2 (Lane 2) or pMBP-HiaNm (Lane 3) after induction with IPTG. Lane 1 molecular weight standards (kDa). Arrows indicate MBP and MBP-HiaNm;

FIG. 4 is a western blot of MC58 and MC58 Δ HiaNm proteins incubated with rabbit immune sera. Lane 1; molecular weight standards indicated in kDa, Lane 2 total cellular protein of MC58, Lane 3 total cellular protein of MC58 Δ HiaNm Lane 4, OMC preparation of MC58, Lane 5 OMC preparation of MC58 Δ HiaNm, each lane contained 50 μ L of protein suspension of A_{280} =3.75;

FIG. 5 shows a Coomassie stained gel run in parallel to the gel that was Western blotted in FIG 4. Lanes are the same as for FIG 4;

FIG. 6 shows a sequence comparison of polypeptides of HiaNm, Hia, Hsf using the PILEUP alignment program; and

FIG. 7 shows a sequence comparison of polypeptide sequences of HiaNm from 10 strains of *N. meningitidis* using the PILEUP program

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Throughout this specification and the appendant claims, unless the context requires otherwise, the words "comprise", "comprises" and "comprising" will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or group of integers but not the exclusion of any other integer or group of integers.

Polypeptide sequences

The present invention provides an isolated polypeptide according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21, or fragment respectively thereof, or variant or derivative of these. In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide, fragments, variants and derivatives of the invention display immunological activity against any one member selected from the group consisting of *N. meningitidis*, said polypeptide, said fragment, said variant and said derivative.

SEQ ID NO 2 corresponds to the novel about 62 kDa surface polypeptide of the *hiaNm* gene obtained from *N. meningitidis* strain MC58, as described more fully hereinafter. SEQ ID NOS 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, and 21 correspond to homologous polypeptides deduced from nucleotide sequences obtained from *N. meningitidis* strains BZ10, BZ198, EG327, EG329, H15, H38, H41, P20, and PMC21, respectively.

For the purposes of this invention, the term "immunological activity" refers to the ability of the aforementioned polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative to produce an immune response in a mammal to which it is administered, wherein the response includes the production of elements which specifically bind *N. meningitidis* and/or said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative, and/or a protective effect against *N. meningitidis* infection.

By "isolated" is meant material which is substantially or essentially free from components which normally accompany it in its native state.

By "polypeptide" is meant long chain peptides including proteins.

As used herein, the term "fragment" includes deletion mutants and small peptides, for example of at least 6, preferably at least 10 and more preferably at least 20 amino acids in length, which comprise antigenic determinants or epitopes. Several such fragments may be joined together. Peptides of this type may be obtained through the application of standard recombinant nucleic acid techniques or synthesized using conventional liquid or solid phase synthesis techniques. For example, reference may be made to solution synthesis or solid phase synthesis as described, for example, in Chapter 9 entitled "Peptide Synthesis" by Atherton and Shephard which is included in a publication entitled "Synthetic Vaccines" edited by Nicholson and published by Blackwell Scientific Publications. Alternatively, peptides can be produced by digestion of a polypeptide of the invention with proteinases such as endoLys-C, endoArg-C, endoGlu-C and staphylococcins V8-protease. The digested fragments can be purified by, for example, high performance liquid chromatographic (HPLC) techniques.

The term "variant" refers to polypeptides in which one or more amino acids have been replaced by different amino acids. It is well understood in the art that some amino acids may be changed to others with broadly similar properties without changing the nature of the activity of the polypeptide (conservative substitutions). Exemplary conservative substitutions in the polypeptide may be made according to the following table:

TABLE 1

Original Residue	Exemplary Substitutions
Ala	Ser

Arg	Lys
Asn	Gln, His
Asp	Glu
Cys	Ser
Gln	Asn
Glu	Asp
Gly	Pro
His	Asn, Gln
Ile	Leu, Val
Leu	Ile, Val
Lys	Arg, Gln, Glu
Met	Leu, Ile,
Phe	Met, Leu, Tyr
Ser	Thr
Thr	Ser
Trp	Tyr
Tyr	Trp, Phe
Val	Ile, Leu

Substantial changes in function are made by selecting substitutions that are less conservative than those shown in TABLE 1. Other replacements would be non-conservative substitutions and relatively fewer of these may be tolerated. Generally, the substitutions which are likely to produce the greatest changes in a polypeptide's properties are those in which (a) a hydrophilic residue (e.g., Ser or Thr) is substituted for, or by, a hydrophobic residue (e.g., Ala, Leu, Ile, Phe or Val); (b) a cysteine or proline is substituted for, or by, any other residue; (c) a residue having an electropositive side chain (e.g., Arg, His or Lys) is substituted for, or by, an electronegative residue (e.g., Glu or Asp) or (d) a residue having a bulky side chain (e.g., Phe or Trp) is substituted for, or by, one having a smaller side chain (e.g., Ala, Ser) or no side chain (e.g., Gly).

In general, variants will be at least 75% homologous, more suitably at least 80%, preferably at least 85%, and most preferably at least 90% homologous to the basic sequences as for example shown in SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21. Homology is defined as the percentage number of amino acids which are identical or constitute conservative substitutions as defined in Table 1. Homology may be determined using sequence comparison programs such as GAP (Deveraux et al. 1984, *Nucleic Acids Research* 12, 387-395) which is incorporated herein by reference. In this way sequences of a similar or substantially different length to those cited herein may be compared by insertion of gaps into the alignment, such gaps being determined, for example, by the comparison algorithm used by GAP. What constitutes suitable variants may be determined by conventional techniques. For example, nucleic acids encoding polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 can be mutated using either random mutagenesis for example using transposon mutagenesis, or site-directed mutagenesis. The resultant DNA fragments are then cloned into suitable expression hosts such as *E. coli* using conventional technology and clones which retain the desired activity are detected. Where the clones have been derived using random mutagenesis techniques, positive clones would have to be sequenced in order to detect the mutation. The term "variant" also includes naturally occurring allelic variants.

By "derivative" is meant a polypeptide which has been derived from the basic sequence by modification, for example by conjugation or complexing with other chemical moieties or by post-translational modification techniques as would be understood in the

art. Such derivatives include amino acid deletions and/or additions to polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 or variants thereof wherein said derivatives retain immunological activity. "Additions" of amino acids may include fusion of the polypeptides or variants thereof with other polypeptides or proteins. In this regard, it will be appreciated that the polypeptides or variants of the invention may be incorporated into larger polypeptides, and such larger polypeptides may also be expected to retain immunological activity against, for example, *N. meningitidis*. The polypeptides as described above may be fused to a further protein, for example, which is not derived from *N. meningitidis*. The other protein may, by way of example, assist in the purification of the protein. For instance a polyhistidine tag, or a maltose binding protein may be used in this respect as described in more detail below. Alternatively, it may produce an immune response which is effective against *N. meningitidis* or it may produce an immune response against another pathogen. Other possible fusion proteins are those which produce an immunomodulatory response. Particular examples of such proteins include Protein A or glutathione S-transferase (GST). In addition, the polypeptide may be fused to an oligosaccharide based vaccine component where it acts as a carrier protein.

Other derivatives contemplated by the invention include, but are not limited to, modification to side chains, incorporation of unnatural amino acids and/or their derivatives during peptide, polypeptide or protein synthesis and the use of crosslinkers and other methods which impose conformational constraints on the polypeptides, fragments and variants of the invention.

Examples of side chain modifications contemplated by the present invention include modifications of amino groups such as by acylation with acetic anhydride; acylation of amino groups with succinic anhydride and tetrahydrophthalic anhydride; amidination with methylacetimidate; carbamoylation of amino groups with cyanate; pyridoxylation of lysine with pyridoxal-5-phosphate followed by reduction with NaBH_4 ; reductive alkylation by reaction with an aldehyde followed by reduction with NaBH_4 ; and trinitrobenzylation of amino groups with 2, 4, 6-trinitrobenzene sulphonic acid (TNBS).

The carboxyl group may be modified by carbodiimide activation via O-acylisourea formation followed by subsequent derivitization, by way of example, to a corresponding amide.

The guanidine group of arginine residues may be modified by formation of heterocyclic condensation products with reagents such as 2,3-butanedione, phenylglyoxal and glyoxal.

Sulphydryl groups may be modified by methods such as performic acid oxidation to cysteic acid; formation of mercurial derivatives using 4-chloromercuriphenylsulphonic acid, 4-chloromercuribenzoate; 2-chloromercuri-4-nitrophenol, phenylmercury chloride, and other mercurials; formation of mixed disulphides with other thiol compounds; reaction with maleimide, maleic anhydride or other substituted maleimide; carboxymethylation with iodoacetic acid or iodoacetamide; and carbamoylation with cyanate at alkaline pH.

Tryptophan residues may be modified, for example, by alkylation of the indole ring with 2-hydroxy-5-nitrobenzyl bromide or sulphonyl halides or by oxidation with N-bromosuccinimide.

Tyrosine residues, may be modified by nitration with tetranitromethane to form a 3-nitrotyrosine derivative.

5 The imidazole ring of a histidine residue may be modified by N-carbethoxylation with diethylpyrocarbonate or by alkylation with iodoacetic acid derivatives.

Examples of incorporating unnatural amino acids and derivatives during peptide synthesis include
 10 but are not limited to, use of 4-amino butyric acid, 6-aminohexanoic acid, 4-amino-3-hydroxy-5-phenylpentanoic acid, 4-amino-3-hydroxy-6-methylheptanoic acid, t-butylglycine, norleucine, norvaline, phenylglycine, ornithine, sarcosine, 2-
 15 thienyl alanine and/or D-isomers of amino acids. A list of unnatural amino acids contemplated by the present invention is shown in TABLE 2.

TABLE 2

Non-conventional amino acid	Non-conventional amino acid
α -aminobutyric acid	L-N-methylalanine
α -amino- α -methylbutyrate	L-N-methylarginine
aminocyclopropane-carboxylate	L-N-methylasparagine
aminoisobutyric acid	L-N-methylaspartic acid
aminonorbornyl-carboxylate	L-N-methylcysteine
cyclohexylalanine	L-N-methylglutamine
cyclopentylalanine	L-N-methylglutamic acid
L-N-methylisoleucine	L-N-methylhistidine
D-alanine	L-N-methylleucine
D-arginine	L-N-methyllysine
D-aspartic acid	L-N-methylmethionine
D-cysteine	L-N-methylnorleucine
D-glutamate	L-N-methylnorvaline
D-glutamic acid	L-N-methylornithine
D-histidine	L-N-methylphenylalanine
D-isoleucine	L-N-methylproline
D-leucine	L-N-methylserine

D-lysine	L-N-methylthreonine
D-methionine	L-N-methyltryptophan
D-ornithine	L-N-methyltyrosine
D-phenylalanine	L-N-methylvaline
D-proline	L-N-methylethylglycine
D-serine	L-N-methyl-t-butylglycine
D-threonine	L-norleucine
D-tryptophan	L-norvaline
D-tyrosine	α -methyl-aminoisobutyrate
D-valine	α -methyl- γ -aminobutyrate
D- α -methylalanine	α -methylcyclohexylalanine
D- α -methylarginine	α -methylcyclopentylalanine
D- α -methylasparagine	α -methyl- α -naphthylalanine
D- α -methylaspartate	α -methylpenicillamine
D- α -methylcysteine	N-(4-aminobutyl)glycine
D- α -methylglutamine	N-(2-aminoethyl)glycine
D- α -methylhistidine	N-(3-aminopropyl)glycine
D- α -methylisoleucine	N-amino- α -methylbutyrate
D- α -methyllleucine	α -naphthylalanine
D- α -methyllysine	N-benzylglycine
D- α -methylmethionine	N-(2-carbamylethyl)glycine
D- α -methylornithine	N-(carbamylmethyl)glycine
D- α -methylphenylalanine	N-(2-carboxyethyl)glycine
D- α -methylproline	N-(carboxymethyl)glycine
D- α -methylserine	N-cyclobutylglycine
D- α -methylthreonine	N-cycloheptylglycine
D- α -methyltryptophan	N-cyclohexylglycine
D- α -methyltyrosine	N-cyclodecylglycine
L- α -methyllleucine	L- α -methyllysine
L- α -methylmethionine	L- α -methylnorleucine
L- α -methylnorvaline	L- α -methylornithine
L- α -methylphenylalanine	L- α -methylproline
L- α -methylserine	L- α -methylthreonine
L- α -methyltryptophan	L- α -methyltyrosine
L- α -methylvaline	L-N-methylhomophenylalanine
N-(N-(2,2-diphenylethyl	N-(N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl

carbamylmethyl)glycine 1-carboxy-1-(2,2-diphenyl-ethyl amino) cyclopropane	carbamylmethyl)glycine
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The invention also contemplates covalently modifying a polypeptide, fragment or variant of the invention with dinitrophenol, in order to render it immunogenic in humans

Preferably the invention comprises a polypeptide selected from any one of the polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21.

Polypeptides of the inventions may be prepared by any suitable procedure known to those of skill in the art. For example, the polypeptides may be prepared by a procedure including the steps of:

(a) preparing a recombinant nucleic acid containing a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide according to any one of SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21, or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of these, which nucleotide sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid;

(b) transfecting or transforming a suitable host cell with the recombinant nucleic acid;

(c) culturing the host cell to express recombinant polypeptide from said recombinant nucleic acid; and

(d) isolating the recombinant polypeptide.

Suitably said nucleotide sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20.

By "recombinant polypeptide" is meant a polypeptide made using recombinant techniques, i.e., through the expression of a recombinant nucleic acid.

The term "*recombinant nucleic acid*" as used herein refers to nucleic acid formed *in vitro* by the manipulation of nucleic acid into a form not normally found in nature. In this regard, the recombinant nucleic acid preferably comprises an expression vector which may be either a self-replicating extra-chromosomal vector such as a plasmid, or a vector which integrates into a host genome. Generally, such expression vectors include transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid operably linked to the said nucleotide sequence.

By "*operably linked*" is meant that the transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid is positioned relative to the nucleotide sequence encoding the said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative in such a manner that such transcription is initiatable. The transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid will generally be appropriate for the host cell used for expression. Numerous types of appropriate expression vectors, and suitable regulatory sequences are known in the art for a variety of host cells.

Typically, the transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid may include, but is not limited to, promoter sequences, leader or signal sequences, ribosomal binding sites, transcriptional start and stop sequences, translational start and stop sequences, and enhancer or activator sequences.

Constitutive or inducible promoters as known in the art are contemplated by the invention. The promoters may be either naturally occurring promoters, or hybrid promoters which combine elements of more than one promoter.

In a preferred embodiment, the expression vector contains a selectable marker gene to allow the selection of transformed host cells. Selection genes are well known in the art and will vary with the host cell used.

The expression vector may also include a fusion partner (typically provided by the expression vector) so that the recombinant polypeptide of the invention is expressed as a fusion polypeptide with said fusion partner. The main advantage of fusion partners is that they assist identification and/or purification of said fusion polypeptide.

In order to express said fusion polypeptide, it is necessary to ligate a nucleotide sequence according to the invention into the expression vector so that the translational reading frames of the fusion partner and the nucleotide sequence of the invention coincide.

Well known examples of fusion partners include, but are not limited to, glutathione-S-transferase (GST), Fc portion of human IgG, maltose binding protein (MBP) and hexahistidine (HIS₆), which are particularly useful for isolation of the fusion polypeptide by affinity chromatography. For the purposes of fusion polypeptide purification by affinity chromatography, relevant matrices for affinity chromatography are glutathione-, amylose-, and nickel- or cobalt-conjugated resins respectively. Many such matrices are available in "kit" form, such as the QIAexpressTM system (Qiagen) useful with (HIS₆) fusion partners and the Pharmacia GST purification system.

Another fusion partner well known in the art is green fluorescent protein (GFP). This fusion partner serves as a fluorescent "tag" which allows the

fusion polypeptide of the invention to be identified by fluorescence microscopy or by flow cytometry. The GFP tag is useful when assessing subcellular localization of the fusion polypeptide of the invention, or for isolating cells which express the fusion polypeptide of the invention. Flow cytometric methods such as fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS) are particularly useful in this latter application.

Preferably, the fusion partners also have protease cleavage sites, such as for Factor X_a or Thrombin, which allow the relevant protease to partially digest the fusion polypeptide of the invention and thereby liberate the recombinant polypeptide of the invention therefrom. The liberated polypeptide can then be isolated from the fusion partner by subsequent chromatographic separation.

Fusion partners according to the invention also include within their scope "epitope tags", which are usually short peptide sequences for which a specific antibody is available. Well known examples of epitope tags for which specific monoclonal antibodies are readily available include c-myc, influenza virus haemagglutinin and FLAG tags.

Recombinant polypeptides of the invention may be produced by culturing a host cell transformed with an expression vector containing nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to the invention. The conditions appropriate for protein expression will vary with the choice of expression vector and the host cell. This is easily ascertained by one skilled in the art through routine experimentation.

Suitable host cells for expression may be prokaryotic or eukaryotic. One preferred host cell

for expression of a polypeptide according to the invention is a bacterium. The bacterium used may be *Escherichia coli*. Alternatively, the host cell may be an insect cell such as, for example, SF9 cells which
5 may be utilized with a baculovirus expression system.

The recombinant protein may be conveniently prepared by a person skilled in the art using standard protocols as for example described in Sambrook, et al., MOLECULAR CLONING. A LABORATORY MANUAL (Cold
10 Spring Harbor Press, 1989), incorporated herein by reference, in particular Sections 16 and 17; Ausubel et al., CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1994-1998), incorporated herein by reference, in particular Chapters 10 and 16; and
15 Coligan et al., CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN PROTEIN SCIENCE (John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1995-1997) which is incorporated by reference herein, in particular Chapters 1, 5 and 6.

20 Nucleotide sequences

The invention further provides a nucleotide sequence which encodes a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative as defined above. Suitably said sequence is selected from the group consisting of:-
25 SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20; a nucleotide sequence fragment of any one of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20; and a nucleotide sequence homologue of the foregoing sequences. Preferably, these sequences encode a
30 product displaying immunological activity as defined above.

As will be more fully described hereinafter, SEQ ID NO 1 corresponds to the *hlaNm* gene obtained from *N. meningitidis* strain MC58. This gene encodes

the novel 62 kDa (approximately) surface polypeptide of SEQ ID NO 2. SEQ ID NO 3 corresponds to the *hlaNm* open reading frame sequence of strain MC58, *HlaNm*. SEQ ID NOS 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, and 20 correspond to the homologous *hlaNm* open reading frame sequences obtained from *N. meningitidis* strains BZ10, BZ198, EG327, EG329, H15, H38, H41, P20, and PMC21, respectively.

The term "nucleotide sequence" as used herein designates mRNA, RNA, cRNA, cDNA or DNA.

The term "nucleotide sequence homologues" generally refers to nucleotide sequences which hybridize with a wild-type nucleotide sequence according to the invention under substantially stringent conditions. Suitable hybridization conditions will be discussed hereinafter.

The nucleotide sequence homologues of the invention may be prepared according to the following procedure:

- (i) obtaining a nucleic acid extract from a suitable host;
- (ii) creating primers which are optionally degenerate wherein each comprises a portion of a wild-type nucleotide sequence of the invention; and
- (iii) using said primers to amplify, via nucleic acid amplification techniques, one or more amplification products from said nucleic acid extract.

Suitably, the host may be a bacterium. Preferably, the host is from the genus *Neisseria*, more preferably from *N. meningitidis*.

Preferably, the primers are selected from the group consisting of:-

- (1) 5'-TTAGATTCCACGTCCCAGATT-3' (SEQ ID NO 22);
- 5 (2) 5'-CTTCCCTTCAAACCTTCC-3' (SEQ ID NO 23);
- (3) 5'-GGTCGCGGATCCATGAACAAAATATACCGCAT-3' (SEQ ID NO 24);
- (4) 5'-TCACCCAAGCTTAAGCCCTTACCACTGATAAC-3' (SEQ ID NO 25);
- 10 (5) 5'-CCAAACCCCGATTTAACC-3' (SEQ ID NO 26);
- (6) 5'-AATCGCCACCCTTCCCTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO 27);
- 15 (7) 5'-TTTGCAACGGTTCAGGCA-3' (SEQ ID NO 28);
- (8) 5'-TATTCAGCAGCGTATCGG-3' (SEQ ID NO 29);
- (9) 5'-TGCCTGAACCGTTGCAAA-3' (SEQ ID NO 30); and
- 20 (10) 5'-CCGATACGCTGCTGAATA-3' (SEQ ID NO 31).

Suitable nucleic acid amplification techniques are well known to the skilled addressee, and include polymerase chain reaction (PCR) as for example described in Ausubel et al. (1994-1998, *supra*, Chapter 15) which is incorporated herein by reference; strand displacement amplification (SDA) as for example described in U.S. Patent No 5,422,252 which is incorporated herein by reference; rolling circle replication (RCR) as for example described in Liu et al., (1996, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 118:1587-1594 and International application WO 92/01813) and Lizardi et al., (International Application WO 97/19193) which are

incorporated herein by reference; nucleic acid sequence-based amplification (NASBA) as for example described by Sooknanan et al., (1994, *Biotechniques* 17:1077-1080) which is incorporated herein by reference; and Q- β replicase amplification as for example described by Tyagi et al., (1996, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:5395-5400) which is incorporated herein by reference.

As used herein, an "amplification product" refers to a nucleic acid product generated by nucleic acid amplification techniques.

"Hybridize" or "hybridization" is used here to denote the pairing of complementary bases of distinct nucleotide sequences to produce a DNA-DNA hybrid, a DNA-RNA hybrid, or an RNA-RNA hybrid according to base-pairing rules.

In DNA, complementary bases are:

- (i) A and T; and
- (ii) C and G.

In RNA, complementary bases are:

- (i) A and U; and
- (ii) C and G.

In RNA-DNA hybrids, complementary bases are:

- (i) A and U;
- (ii) A and T; and
- (iii) G and C.

Typically, substantially complementary nucleotide sequences are identified by blotting techniques that include a step whereby nucleotides are immobilized on a matrix (preferably a synthetic membrane such as nitrocellulose), a hybridization step, and a detection step. Southern blotting is used to identify a complementary DNA sequence; northern blotting is used to identify a complementary RNA

sequence. Dot blotting and slot blotting can be used to identify complementary DNA/DNA, DNA/RNA or RNA/RNA polynucleotide sequences. Such techniques are well known by those skilled in the art, and have been described in Ausubel et al. (1994-1998, *supra*) at pages 2.9.1 through 2.9.20.

According to such methods, Southern blotting involves separating DNA molecules according to size by gel electrophoresis, transferring the size-separated DNA to a synthetic membrane, and hybridizing the membrane bound DNA to a complementary nucleotide sequence labeled radioactively, enzymatically or fluorochromatically. In dot blotting and slot blotting, DNA samples are directly applied to a synthetic membrane prior to hybridization as above.

An alternative blotting step is used when identifying complementary nucleotide sequences in a cDNA or genomic DNA library, such as through the process of plaque or colony hybridization. A typical example of this procedure is described in Sambrook et al., (1989, *supra*) Chapters 8-12.

Typically, the following general procedure can be used to determine hybridization conditions. Nucleotide sequences are blotted/transferred to a synthetic membrane, as described above. A wild type nucleotide sequence of the invention is labeled as described above, and the ability of this labeled nucleotide sequence to hybridize with an immobilized nucleotide sequence analyzed.

A skilled addressee will recognize that a number of factors influence hybridization. The specific activity of radioactively labeled polynucleotide sequence should typically be greater than or equal to about 10^8 dpm/mg to provide a detectable signal. A radiolabeled nucleotide sequence

of specific activity 10^8 to 10^9 dpm/mg can detect approximately 0.5 pg of DNA. It is well known in the art that sufficient DNA must be immobilized on the membrane to permit detection. It is desirable to have
5 excess immobilized DNA, usually 10 μ g. Adding an inert polymer such as 10% (w/v) dextran sulfate (MW 500,000) or polyethylene glycol 6000 during hybridization can also increase the sensitivity of hybridization (see Ausubel *supra* at 2.10.10).

10 To achieve meaningful results from hybridization between a nucleotide sequence immobilized on a membrane and a labeled nucleotide sequence, a sufficient amount of the labeled nucleotide sequence must be hybridized to the
15 immobilized nucleotide sequence following washing. Washing ensures that the labeled nucleotide sequence is hybridized only to the immobilized nucleotide sequences with a desired degree of complementarity to the labeled nucleotide sequence.

20 "Stringency" as used herein, refers to the temperature and ionic strength conditions, and presence or absence of certain organic solvents, during hybridization. The higher the stringency, the higher will be the degree of complementarity between
25 the immobilized nucleotide sequences and the labeled polynucleotide sequence.

"Stringent conditions" designates those conditions under which only nucleotide sequences having a high frequency of complementary bases will
30 hybridize.

Typical stringent conditions include, for example, (1) 0.75 M dibasic sodium phosphate/0.5 M monobasic sodium phosphate/1 mM disodium EDTA/1% sarkosyl at about 42°C for at least 30 minutes; or (2)

6.0 M urea/0.4 % sodium lauryl sulfate/0.1x SSC at about 42°C for at least 30 minutes; or (3) 0.1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 68°C for at least 20 minutes; or (4) 1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 55°C for about 60 minutes; or (5) 1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 62°C for about 60 minutes; or (6) 1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 68°C for about 60 minutes; or (7) 0.2X SSC/0.1% SDS at about 55°C for about 60 minutes; or (8) 0.2x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 62°C for about one hour; or (9) 0.2X SSC/0.1% SDS at about 68°C for about 60 minutes. For a detailed example, see CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY *supra* at pages 2.10.1 to 2.10.16, and Sambrook et al. in MOLECULAR CLONING. A LABORATORY MANUAL (Cold Spring Harbour Press, 1989) at sections 1.101 to 1.104, which are hereby incorporated by reference.

While stringent washes are typically carried out at temperatures from about 42°C to 68°C, one skilled in the art will appreciate that other temperatures may be suitable for stringent conditions. Maximum hybridization typically occurs at about 20°C to 25°C below the T_m for formation of a DNA-DNA hybrid. It is well known in the art that the T_m is the melting temperature, or temperature at which two complementary polynucleotide sequences dissociate. Methods for estimating T_m are well known in the art (see CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY *supra* at page 2.10.8). Maximum hybridization typically occurs at about 10°C to 15°C below the T_m for a DNA-RNA hybrid.

Other stringent conditions are well-known in the art. A skilled addressee will recognize that various factors can be manipulated to optimize the specificity of the hybridization. Optimization of the stringency of the final washes can serve to ensure a high degree of hybridization.

Methods for detecting labeled nucleotide sequences hybridized to an immobilized nucleotide sequence are well known to practitioners in the art. Such methods include autoradiography, chemiluminescent, fluorescent and colorimetric detection.

Antibodies

The invention also contemplates antibodies against the aforementioned polypeptides, fragments, variants and derivatives. Such antibodies may include any suitable antibodies which bind to or conjugate with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention. For example, the antibodies may comprise polyclonal antibodies. Such antibodies may be prepared for example by injecting a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention into a production species, which may include mice or rabbits, to obtain polyclonal antisera. Methods of producing polyclonal antibodies are well known to those skilled in the art. Exemplary protocols which may be used are described for example in Coligan et al., CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN IMMUNOLOGY, (John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 1991) which is incorporated herein by reference, and Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, *supra*), in particular Section III of Chapter 11.

In lieu of the polyclonal antisera obtained in the production species, monoclonal antibodies may be produced using the standard method as for example, described in an article by Köhler and Milstein (1975, Nature **256**, 495-497) which is herein incorporated by reference, or by more recent modifications thereof as for example, described in Coligan et al., (1991, *supra*) by immortalizing spleen or other antibody

producing cells derived from a production species which has been inoculated with one or more of the polypeptides, fragments, variants or derivatives of the invention.

5 The invention also includes within its scope antibodies which comprise Fc or Fab fragments of the polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies referred to above. Alternatively, the antibodies may comprise single chain Fv antibodies (scFvs) against the peptides of
10 the invention. Such scFvs may be prepared, for example, in accordance with the methods described respectively in United States Patent No 5,091,513, European Patent No 239,400 or the article by Winter and Milstein (1991, Nature, 349 293) which are
15 incorporated herein by reference.

 The antibodies of the invention may be used for affinity chromatography in isolating natural or recombinant *N. meningitidis* polypeptides. For example
reference may be made to immunoaffinity
20 chromatographic procedures described in Chapter 9.5 of Coligan et al., (1995-1997, *supra*).

 The antibodies can be used to screen expression libraries for variant polypeptides of the invention. The antibodies of the invention can also
25 be used to detect *N. meningitidis* infection described hereinafter.

Detection of *N. meningitidis*

 The presence or absence of *N. meningitidis* in
30 a patient may determined by isolating a biological sample from a patient, mixing an antibody or antibody fragment described above with the biological sample to form a mixture, and detecting specifically bound antibody or bound fragment in the mixture which

indicates the presence of *N. meningitidis* in the sample.

The term "biological sample" as used herein refers to a sample which may be extracted, untreated, treated, diluted or concentrated from a patient. Suitably, the biological sample is selected from the group consisting of whole blood, serum, plasma, saliva, urine, sweat, ascitic fluid, peritoneal fluid, synovial fluid, amniotic fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, skin biopsy, and the like.

Any suitable technique for determining formation of the complex may be used. For example, an antibody or antibody fragment according to the invention having a label associated therewith may be utilized in immunoassays. Such immunoassays may include, but are not limited to, radioimmunoassays (RIAs), enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISAs) and immunochromatographic techniques (ICTs) which are well known those of skill in the art. For example, reference may be made to "CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN IMMUNOLOGY" (1994, *supra*) which discloses a variety of immunoassays that may be used in accordance with the present invention. Immunoassays may include competitive assays as understood in the art.

The label associated with the antibody or antibody fragment may include the following:

- i. direct attachment of the label to the antibody or antibody fragment;
- ii. indirect attachment of the label to the antibody or antibody fragment; i.e., attachment of the label to another assay reagent which subsequently binds to the antibody or antibody fragment; and

iii. attachment to a subsequent reaction product of the antibody or antibody fragment.

5 The label may be selected from a group including a chromogen, a catalyst, an enzyme, a fluorophore, a chemiluminescent molecule, a lanthanide ion such as Europium (Eu^{34}), a radioisotope and a direct visual label.

10 In the case of a direct visual label, use may be made of a colloidal metallic or non-metallic particle, a dye particle, an enzyme or a substrate, an organic polymer, a latex particle, a liposome, or other vesicle containing a signal producing substance and the like.

15 A large number of enzymes suitable for use as labels is disclosed in United States Patent Specifications U.S. 4,366,241, U.S. 4,843,000, and U.S. 4,849,338, all of which are herein incorporated by reference. Suitable enzyme labels useful in the
20 present invention include alkaline phosphatase, horseradish peroxidase, luciferase, β -galactosidase, glucose oxidase, lysozyme, malate dehydrogenase and the like. The enzyme label may be used alone or in combination with a second enzyme which is in solution.

25 Suitably, the fluorophore is selected from a group including fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC), tetramethylrhodamine isothiocyanate (TRITL) or R-Phycoerythrin (RPE).

30 The invention also extends to a method for detecting infection of patients by *N. meningitidis*, said method comprising the steps of contacting a biological sample from a patient with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention, and determining the presence or absence of a complex

between said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative and *N. meningitidis*-specific antibodies in said serum, wherein the presence of said complex is indicative of said infection.

5 In a preferred embodiment, detection of the above complex is effected by detectably modifying said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative with a suitable label as is well known in the art and using such modified compound in a suitable immunoassay as
10 for example described above.

In another aspect, the invention provides a method of detecting *N. meningitidis* bacteria in a biological sample suspected of containing said bacteria, said method comprising the steps of
15 isolating the biological sample from a patient, detecting a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention in said sample which indicates the presence of said bacteria.

Detection of the said nucleic acid sequence
20 may be determined using any suitable technique. For example, a labeled nucleic acid sequence according to the invention may be used as a probe in a Southern blot of a nucleic acid extract obtained from a patient as is well known in the art. Alternatively, a labeled
25 nucleic acid sequence according to the invention may be utilized as a probe in a Northern blot of a RNA extract from the patient. Preferably, a nucleic acid extract from the patient is utilized in concert with oligonucleotide primers corresponding to sense and
30 antisense sequences of a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention, or flanking sequences thereof, in a nucleic acid amplification reaction such as PCR, or the ligase chain reaction (LCR) as for example described in International Application
35 WO89/09385 which is incorporated by reference herein.

A variety of automated solid-phase detection techniques are also appropriate. For example, very large scale immobilized primer arrays (VLSIPS™) are used for the detection of nucleic acids as for example
5 described by Fodor et al., (1991, *Science* 251:767-777) and Kazal et al., (1996, *Nature Medicine* 2:753-759). The above generic techniques are well known to persons skilled in the art.

10 Pharmaceutical compositions

A further feature of the invention is the use of the polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention ("immunogenic agents") as actives in a pharmaceutical composition for protecting
15 patients against infection by *N. meningitidis*. Suitably, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier.

By "pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier" is meant a solid or liquid filler, diluent or encapsulating substance which may be safely used in
20 systemic administration. Depending upon the particular route of administration, a variety of pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers, well known in the art may be used. These carriers may be selected
25 from a group including sugars, starches, cellulose and its derivatives, malt, gelatine, talc, calcium sulfate, vegetable oils, synthetic oils, polyols, alginic acid, phosphate buffered solutions, emulsifiers, isotonic saline, and pyrogen-free water.

30 Any suitable route of administration may be employed for providing a patient with the composition of the invention. For example, oral, rectal, parenteral, sublingual, buccal, intravenous, intra-articular, intra-muscular, intra-dermal, subcutaneous,

inhalational, intraocular, intraperitoneal, intracerebroventricular, transdermal and the like may be employed. Intra-muscular and subcutaneous injection is appropriate, for example, for administration of immunogenic compositions, vaccines and DNA vaccines.

Dosage forms include tablets, dispersions, suspensions, injections, solutions, syrups, troches, capsules, suppositories, aerosols, transdermal patches and the like. These dosage forms may also include injecting or implanting controlled releasing devices designed specifically for this purpose or other forms of implants modified to act additionally in this fashion. Controlled release of the therapeutic agent may be effected by coating the same, for example, with hydrophobic polymers including acrylic resins, waxes, higher aliphatic alcohols, polylactic and polyglycolic acids and certain cellulose derivatives such as hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose. In addition, the controlled release may be effected by using other polymer matrices, liposomes and/or microspheres.

Pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention suitable for oral or parenteral administration may be presented as discrete units such as capsules, sachets or tablets each containing a pre-determined amount of one or more therapeutic agents of the invention, as a powder or granules or as a solution or a suspension in an aqueous liquid, a non-aqueous liquid, an oil-in-water emulsion or a water-in-oil liquid emulsion. Such compositions may be prepared by any of the methods of pharmacy but all methods include the step of bringing into association one or more immunogenic agents as described above with the carrier which constitutes one or more necessary ingredients. In general, the compositions are

prepared by uniformly and intimately admixing the immunogenic agents of the invention with liquid carriers or finely divided solid carriers or both, and then, if necessary, shaping the product into the
5 desired presentation.

The above compositions may be administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such amount as is immunogenically-effective to protect patients from *N. meningitidis* infection. The
10 dose administered to a patient, in the context of the present invention, should be sufficient to effect a beneficial response in a patient over time such as a reduction in the level of *N. meningitidis*, or to inhibit infection by *N. meningitidis*. The quantity of
15 the immunogenic agent(s) to be administered may depend on the subject to be treated inclusive of the age, sex, weight and general health condition thereof. In this regard, precise amounts of the immunogenic agent(s) required to be administered will depend on
20 the judgement of the practitioner. In determining the effective amount of the immunogenic agent to be administered in the treatment or prophylaxis against *N. meningitidis*, the physician may evaluate circulating plasma levels, progression of disease, and
25 the production of anti-*N. meningitidis* antibodies. In any event, suitable dosages of the immunogenic agents of the invention may be readily determined by those of skill in the art. Such dosages may be in the order of nanograms to milligrams of the immunogenic agents of
30 the invention.

The above compositions may be used as therapeutic or prophylactic vaccines. Accordingly, the invention extends to the production of vaccines containing as actives one or more of the immunogenic

agents of the invention. Any suitable procedure is contemplated for producing such vaccines. Exemplary procedures include, for example, those described in NEW GENERATION VACCINES (1997, Levine et al., Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, Basel Hong Kong) which is incorporated herein by reference.

An immunogenic agent according to the invention can be mixed, conjugated or fused with other antigens, including B or T cell epitopes of other antigens. In addition, it can be conjugated to a carrier as described below.

When an haptenic peptide of the invention is used (i.e., a peptide which reacts with cognate antibodies, but cannot itself elicit an immune response), it can be conjugated with an immunogenic carrier. Useful carriers are well known in the art and include for example: thyroglobulin; albumins such as human serum albumin; toxins, toxoids or any mutant crossreactive material (CRM) of the toxin from tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis, *Pseudomonas*, *E. coli*, *Staphylococcus*, and *Streptococcus*; polyamino acids such as poly(lysine:glutamic acid); influenza; Rotavirus VP6, Parvovirus VP1 and VP2; hepatitis B virus core protein; hepatitis B virus recombinant vaccine and the like. Alternatively, a fragment or epitope of a carrier protein or other immunogenic protein may be used. For example, a haptenic peptide of the invention can be coupled to a T cell epitope of a bacterial toxin, toxoid or CRM. In this regard, reference may be made to U.S. Patent No 5,785,973 which is incorporated herein by reference.

In addition, a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention may act as a carrier

protein in vaccine compositions directed against *Neisseria*, or against other bacteria or viruses.

The immunogenic agents of the invention may be administered as multivalent subunit vaccines in combination with antigens of *N. meningitidis*, or antigens of other organisms inclusive of the pathogenic bacteria *H. influenzae*, *M. catarrhalis*, *N. gonorrhoeae*, *E. coli*, *S. pneumoniae* etc. Alternatively or additionally, they may be administered in concert with oligosaccharide or polysaccharide components of *N. meningitidis*.

The vaccines can also contain a physiologically-acceptable diluent or excipient such as water, phosphate buffered saline and saline.

The vaccines and immunogenic compositions may include an adjuvant as is well known in the art. Suitable adjuvants include, but are not limited to: surface active substances such as hexadecylamine, octadecylamine, octadecyl amino acid esters, lysolecithin, dimethyldioctadecylammonium bromide, N, N-dioctadecyl-N',N'-bis(2-hydroxyethyl-propanediamine), methoxyhexadecylglycerol, and pluronic polyols; polyamines such as pyran, dextran sulfate, poly IC carbopol; peptides such as muramyl dipeptide and derivatives, dimethylglycine, tuftsin; oil emulsions; and mineral gels such as aluminum phosphate, aluminum hydroxide or alum; lymphokines, QuilA and immune stimulating complexes (ISCOMS).

The immunogenic agents of the invention may be expressed by attenuated viral hosts. By "attenuated viral hosts" is meant viral vectors which are either naturally, or have been rendered, substantially avirulent. A virus may be rendered

substantially avirulent by any suitable physical (e.g., heat treatment) or chemical means (e.g., formaldehyde treatment). By "substantially avirulent" is meant a virus whose infectivity has been destroyed.

5 Ideally, the infectivity of the virus is destroyed without affecting the proteins which carry the immunogenicity of the virus. From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that attenuated viral hosts may comprise live viruses or inactivated viruses.

10 Attenuated viral hosts which may be useful in a vaccine according to the invention may comprise viral vectors inclusive of adenovirus, cytomegalovirus and preferably pox viruses such as vaccinia (see for example Paoletti and Panicali, U.S. Patent No.

15 4,603,112 which is incorporated herein by reference) and attenuated *Salmonella* strains (see for example Stocker, U.S. Patent No. 4,550,081 which is herein incorporated by reference). Live vaccines are particularly advantageous because they lead to a

20 prolonged stimulus which can confer substantially long-lasting immunity.

Multivalent vaccines can be prepared from one or more microorganisms that express different epitopes of *N. meningitidis* (e.g., other surface proteins or

25 epitopes of *N. meningitidis*). In addition, epitopes of other pathogenic microorganisms can be incorporated into the vaccine.

In a preferred embodiment, this will involve the construction of a recombinant vaccinia virus to

30 express a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention. Upon introduction into a host, the recombinant vaccinia virus expresses the immunogenic agent, and thereby elicits a host CTL response. For example, reference may be made to U.S. Patent No

4,722,848, incorporated herein by reference, which describes vaccinia vectors and methods useful in immunization protocols.

5 A wide variety of other vectors useful for therapeutic administration or immunization with the immunogenic agents of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art from the present disclosure.

10 In a further embodiment, the nucleotide sequence may be used as a vaccine in the form of a "naked DNA" vaccine as is known in the art. For example, an expression vector of the invention may be introduced into a mammal, where it causes production of a polypeptide *in vivo*, against which the host
15 mounts an immune response as for example described in Barry, M. et al., (1995, *Nature*, 377:632-635) which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Detection kits

20 The present invention also provides kits for the detection of *N. meningitidis* in a biological sample. These will contain one or more particular agents described above depending upon the nature of the test method employed. In this regard, the kits
25 may include one or more of a polypeptide, fragment, variant, derivative, antibody, antibody fragment or nucleic acid according to the invention. The kits may also optionally include appropriate reagents for detection of labels, positive and negative controls,
30 washing solutions, dilution buffers and the like. For example, a nucleic acid-based detection kit may include (i) a nucleic acid according to the invention (which may be used as a positive control), (ii) an oligonucleotide primer according to the invention, and

optionally a DNA polymerase, DNA ligase etc depending on the nucleic acid amplification technique employed.

Preparation of immunoreactive fragments

5 The invention also extends to a method of identifying an immunoreactive fragment of a polypeptide, variant or derivatives according to the invention. This method essentially comprises generating a fragment of the polypeptide, variant or
10 derivative, administering the fragment to a mammal; and detecting an immune response in the mammal. Such response will include production of elements which specifically bind *N. meningitidis* and/or said polypeptide, variant or derivative, and/or a
15 protective effect against *N. meningitidis* infection.

 Prior to testing a particular fragment for immunoreactivity in the above method, a variety of predictive methods may be used to deduce whether a particular fragment can be used to obtain an antibody
20 that cross-reacts with the native antigen. These predictive methods may be based on amino-terminal or carboxy-terminal sequence as for example described in Chapter 11.14 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, *supra*). Alternatively, these predictive methods may be based
25 on predictions of hydrophilicity as for example described by Kyte and Doolittle (1982, *J. Mol. Biol.* 157:105-132) and Hopp and Woods (1983, *Mol. Immunol.* 20:483-489) which are incorporated by reference herein, or predictions of secondary structure as for
30 example described by Choo and Fasman (1978, *Ann. Rev. Biochem.* 47:251-276) which is incorporated herein by reference.

 Generally, peptide fragments consisting of 10 to 15 residues provide optimal results. Peptides as

small as 6 or as large as 20 residues have worked successfully. Such peptide fragments may then be chemically coupled to a carrier molecule such as keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH) or bovine serum albumin (BSA) as for example described in Sections 11.14 and 11.15 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, *supra*).

The peptides may be used to immunize an animal as for example discussed above. Antibody titers against the native or parent polypeptide from which the peptide was selected may then be determined by, for example, radioimmunoassay or ELISA as for instance described in Sections 11.16 and 11.14 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, *supra*).

Antibodies may then be purified from a suitable biological fluid of the animal by ammonium sulfate fractionation or by chromatography as is well known in the art. Exemplary protocols for antibody purification is given in Sections 10.11 and 11.13 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, *supra*).

Immunoreactivity of the antibody against the native or parent polypeptide may be determined by any suitable procedure such as, for example, western blot.

Functional blockers

The polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 are believed to have adhesin properties. They in fact have some similarity to adhesins of *Haemophilus influenzae* which are surface antigens. Specifically they are approximately 67% homologous to the Hia protein of *H. influenzae* (Barenkamp, S. and St. Geme III, J. 1996 *Molecular Microbiology* 19: 1215-1233), and 74% homologous to the Hsf protein of *H. influenzae* (St. Geme III, J. et al, 1996, *Journal of Bacteriology* 178: 6281-6287; and U.S.

Patent No 5,646,259). For these comparisons, a gap weight of 3, and length weight of 0.01 was used using the GAP program (Deveraux, 1984, *supra*). Aligned sequences of these proteins are illustrated in FIG. 6.

5 Thus, interruption of the function of these polypeptides would be of significant therapeutic benefit since they would prevent *N. meningitidis* bacteria from adhering to and invading cells. Interruption of the function may be effected in
10 several ways.

For example, moieties such as chemical reagents or polypeptides which block receptors on the cell surface which interact with a polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19
15 and 21 may be administered. These compete with the infective organism for receptor sites. Such moieties may comprise for example polypeptides of the invention, in particular fragments, or functional equivalents of these as well as mimetics.

20 The term "mimetics" is used herein to refer to chemicals which are designed to resemble particular functional regions of the proteins or peptides. Anti-idiotypic antibodies raised against the above-described antibodies which block the binding of the
25 bacteria to a cell surface may also be used. Alternatively, moieties which interact with the receptor binding sites in the polypeptides according to SEQ ID NO 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 may effectively prevent infection of a cell by *N.*
30 *meningitidis*. Such moieties may comprise blocking antibodies, peptides or other chemical reagents.

All such moieties, pharmaceutical compositions in which they are combined with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and methods of

11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446 447 448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509 510 511 512 513 514 515 516 517 518 519 520 521 522 523 524 525 526 527 528 529 530 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546 547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556 557 558 559 560 561 562 563 564 565 566 567 568 569 570 571 572 573 574 575 576 577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585 586 587 588 589 590 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603 604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620 621 622 623 624 625 626 627 628 629 630 631 632 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 687 688 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701 702 703 704 705 706 707 708 709 710 711 712 713 714 715 716 717 718 719 720 721 722 723 724 725 726 727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744 745 746 747 748 749 750 751 752 753 754 755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799 800 801 802 803 804 805 806 807 808 809 810 811 812 813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822 823 824 825 826 827 828 829 830 831 832 833 834 835 836 837 838 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855 856 857 858 859 860 861 862 863 864 865 866 867 868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887 888 889 890 891 892 893 894 895 896 897 898 899 900 901 902 903 904 905 906 907 908 909 910 911 912 913 914 915 916 917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928 929 930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940 941 942 943 944 945 946 947 948 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 956 957 958 959 960 961 962 963 964 965 966 967 968 969 970 971 972 973 974 975 976 977 978 979 980 981 982 983 984 985 986 987 988 989 990 991 992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 1012 1013 1014 1015 1016 1017 1018 1019 1020 1021 1022 1023 1024 1025 1026 1027 1028 1029 1030 1031 1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 1043 1044 10

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Molecular cloning and subcloning and hiaNm
mutant construction.

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search, identifying a sequence of interest in preliminary data from the project to sequence the genome of MC58 ϕ 3 (The Institute for Genomic Research, (<ftp://ftp.tigr.org/pub/data/n meningitidis/>) and amplified the region of homology by PCR (polymerase chain reaction) using oligonucleotides A3A (5'-TTTGC AACGGTTCAGGCA-3', SEQ ID NO 28) and A3B (5'-TATTCAGCAGCGTATCGG-3', SEQ ID NO 29). The resulting 449 base pairs (bp) product was cloned into pT7Blue, to create plasmid pNMAIDA3. To clone the full length gene, further oligonucleotides were designed and used in an inverse PCR reaction. These oligonucleotides were A3C (SEQ ID NO 30) and A3D (SEQ ID NO 31) and correspond to the complementary sequence of A3A (SEQ ID NO 28) and A3B (SEQ ID NO 31) respectively. The template for this reaction was chromosomal DNA of MC58 which had been restriction digested with *EagI* and then self ligated. The resulting 3kbp PCR product was cloned into the vector pCRII (Invitrogen), producing plasmid piEagA3. This was digested with *EagI* and *EcoRI* and the resulting fragments of 1.4kbp and 1.6kbp containing cloned DNA were cloned into pBluescriptSKII, M13minus (Stratagene), resulting in piEagA3.8 and piEagA3.9. Plasmid pHiaNm was generated by PCR amplifying *hiaNm* and sequence 5' and 3' to it using oligonucleotide primers HiaNm:P (5'-TTAGATTCCACGTCCCAGATT-3', SEQ ID NO 22) and HiaNm:M (5'-CTTCCCTTCAAACCTTCC-3', SEQ ID NO 23), corresponding to nucleotide position (ntp) 113-133 and 2102-2085 respectively of SEQ ID NO 1, and cloning the product into pT7Blue. Plasmid pHiaNm Δ Kan was created by insertion of a kanamycin resistance cassette into the unique *BglIII* site of pHiaNm corresponding to ntp 680 of SEQ ID No 1. The kanamycin resistance cassette

was excised from pUC4Kan (Pharmacia) with BamHI. pHiaNmΔKan was transformed into *N. meningitidis* strain MC58 by incubating bacteria with plasmid DNA for 3 hours on Brain Heart Infusion agar (Acumedia Manufacturer's Inc) supplemented with 10% heated horse blood ("BHI plates") at 37°C in 5% CO₂. A single colony was picked onto fresh selective media, grown, and used for further studies. This mutant strain is designated MC58ΔHiaNm. Disruption of the *hiaNm* gene in this strain was confirmed by Southern blot using a probe corresponding to ntp 276-2054 of SEQ ID NO 1.

EXAMPLE 2

Nucleotide sequence analysis

Nucleotide sequence analysis was performed using the PRISM Dye terminator sequencing Kit with AmpliTaq DNA polymerase FS or BigDye terminator sequencing kit as suggested by the manufacturer's instructions (Perkin Elmer), in conjunction with a model 373a automated sequencer (Applied Biosystems). For each strain, *hiaNm* was amplified in three independent PCR reactions using primers HiaNm5'A2: 5'-CCAAACCCCGATTTAACC-3' (SEQ ID NO 26) and HiaNm3'A: 5'-AATCGCCACCCTTCCCTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO 27), as indicated on FIG. 1, and corresponding to ntp 230-247 and 2114-2097 of SEQ ID No 1, and the resulting products purified and pooled. This was used as template for direct sequencing on both strands. Data were analysed using the GCG programs (Deveraux et al. (1984) *Nucleic Acids Research* 12, 387-395) and AssemblyLIGN (Oxford Molecular). Several oligonucleotides were generated as necessary to complete sequences. Sequences of *hiaNm* of 10 strains are shown in SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4,

6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, and 20, and the deduced amino acid sequences of those genes are shown in SEQ ID NO 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21.

Comparison of *hiaNm* from these strains indicated that they share 90-99% identity with *hiaNm* of MC58. In addition, *hiaNm* of MC58 is 62% and 68% homologous to *hia* and *hsf* of *Haemophilus influenzae*. However, in the strains examined, *hiaNm* is 1770-1800 bp long. This is markedly different from the *hia* and *hsf* which are 3294 and 7059 bp long respectively. The predicted polypeptide of *hiaNm*, HiaNm, also exhibits homology to several other bacterial proteins, including AIDA-I, the adhesin involved in diffuse adherence of the diarrhoeagenic *Escherichia coli* strain 2787 (O126:H27), HMW1, another *Haemophilus* adhesin, UspA1, a high molecular weight protein of *Moraxella catarrhalis*, and SepA involved in tissue invasion of *Shigella flexneri* (Benz, I. and Schmidt, M.A., 1992, *Molecular Microbiology* 6:1539-1546, Barenkamp, S.J. and Leininger, E. 1992, *Infection and Immunity* 60: 1302-1313, Aebi, C. et al 1997, *Infection and Immunity* 65: 4367-4377, Benjelloun-Touimi, Z et al 1995, *Molecular Microbiology* 17:123-135). Homology to these (and several other proteins) occurs over the first fifty amino acids of HiaNm. Analysis of this sequence reveals the presence of a predicted signal sequence, with cleavage sites at amino acid 50 in all HiaNm sequences examined. Such long signal sequences are common to proteins located in the outer membrane of Gram-negative bacteria (Henderson, I et al, 1998, *Trends in Microbiology* 6: 370-8). The proteins mentioned above to which the first fifty amino acids of HiaNm is homologous are all members of the "autotransporter" outer-membrane

protein family (Henderson, I, *supra*). This strongly suggests that HiaNm is located in the outer membrane of *N. meningitidis*.

5

EXAMPLE 3Southern blot analysis

Southern blot analysis was performed using standard techniques (Sambrook et al., *supra*, Ausubel et al., *supra*). Briefly, genomic DNA was prepared from 70 strains of *N. meningitidis* of several serogroups, restriction digested and separated electrophoretically on an agarose gel prior to capillary transfer to a nylon membrane. These membranes were hybridized with a labeled probe. The probe used corresponded to ntp 276-2054 of SEQ ID NO 1, encompassing the entire open reading frame of *hianm* of strain MC58. This was labeled with DIG (dioxxygenin) according to manufacturer's instructions (Boehringer Mannheim). Stringent washes were performed (two washes of 5 minutes at 22°C in 2 x SSC/0.1% SDS followed by two washes of 30 minutes, 68°C, 0.2 x SSC/0.1% SDS). Hybridization was detected colorimetrically using nitro-blue-tetrazolium/ bromochloryl-indolyl-phosphate (NBT/BCIP) as recommended by the manufacturer. Signals were detected in all strains examined. (FIG. 2 for example). In addition to the prototypic strain MC58, the following strains were investigated:-

30

TABLE 3

Strain Name	Source	Sero-group	Strain name	Source	Sero-group
PMC 3 (J1079)	2 ^A	A	NGF26	1	B

PMC17 (K874)	2	A	NGG40	1	B
PMC 20 ((H79)	2	A	H15	1	B
PMC23 (K750)	2	A	SWZ107	1	B
PMC 12 (K852)	2	B	528	1	B
PMC 13 (K859)	2	B	2970	1	B
PMC 16 (K873)	2	B	1000	1	B
PMC 24 (K782)	2	B	MPJB28	3 ^c	B
PMC 25 (K791)	2	B	MPJB56	3	B
PMC 27 (K816)	2	B	MPJB88	3	B
PMC 28 (K837)	2	B	MPJB157	3	B
BZ10	1 ^B	B	MPJB328	3	B
BZ47	1	B	MPJB627	3	B
BZ83	1	B	MPJB820	3	B
BZ133	1	P	MPJB945	3	B
BZ147	1	B	PMC 8 (K157)	2	C
BZ163	1	B	PMC 9 (K497)	2	C
BZ169	1	B	PMC 11 (K848)	2	C
BZ198	1	B	PMC 14 (K860)	2	C
BZ232	1	B	PMC 18 (K879)	2	C
NG3/88	1	B	PMC 21 (K656)	2	C
NG4/88	1	B	PMC 29 (K841)	2	C
NG6/88	1	B	MPJC05	3	C
EG327	1	B	MPJC14	3	C
EG329	1	B	MPJC154	3	C
DK353	1	B	MPJC302	3	C
179/82	1	B	MPJC379	3	C
66/84	1	B	PMC19	2	W
DK24	1	B	MPJW025	3	W
NGH36	1	B	PMC 1 (J603)	2	X
H38	1	B	PMC 6 (K131)	2	X
H41	1	B	PMC 10 (K526)	2	Y
NGE28	1	B	PMC 22 (K685)	2	Y
NGE30	1	B	PMC 26 (K810)	2	Y
NGP20	1	B	PMC 2 ((J1049)	2	Z

^A World Health Organization Collaborating Centre for
Reference and Research on Meningococci, Oslo, Norway

^B Public Health Laboratory Service Meningococcal

5 Reference Laboratory, Manchester, UK

^c Brisbane Hospitals, now in strain collection of M.P. Jennings, Department of Microbiology, University of Queensland, Brisbane, Australia.

5

EXAMPLE 4Expression and partial purification of MBP-HiaNm

A plasmid vector was constructed which permitted the expression of a protein consisting of a fusion of Maltose Binding Protein and HiaNm (MBP-HiaNm). The plasmid pHiaMBP was generated by amplifying *hiaNm* from MC58 using primers Hianm-MBPA 5'-GGTCGCGGATCCATGAACAAAATATACCGCAT-3' (SEQ ID NO 24) and HiaNm-MBPB 5'-TCACCCAAGCTTAAGCCCTTACCACTGATAAC-3' (SEQ ID NO 25). These primers encompass the start and stop codons of *hiaNm* of *N. meningitidis* strain MC58 and engineered restriction sites for ease of cloning. Plasmid restriction maps and positions of oligonucleotides are shown in FIG. 1. The resultant PCR product was ligated into *Bam*HI/*Hind*III restriction digested plasmid pMALC2 (New England Biolabs), and the resultant plasmid, pHiaMBP (See FIG. 1) reintroduced to *E. coli* strain DH5 α . This *E. coli* strain containing pHiaMBP was induced to express the HiaNm-MBP fusion protein under conditions recommended by the manufacturer (New England Biolabs). Cell extracts from cultures containing pHiaMBP were separated by 10% SDS-PAGE, and the fusion protein was partially purified by elution using the Mini-Gel Electro-eluter (BioRad) according to manufacturer's instructions. Fractions containing the HiaNm-MBP fusion protein were detected by Western blot using rabbit anti-MBP sera (New England Biolabs). The purity of the HiaNm-MBP

fusion protein was determined by SDS-PAGE followed by Coomassie staining, and the amount of recovered protein estimated by BCA assay (Sigma) or absorbance at a wavelength of 280nm.

5

EXAMPLE 5

Generation of polyclonal sera

The partially purified HiaNm-MBP fusion protein obtained in Example 4 was used to generate polyclonal sera in rabbits. Samples of eluted HiaNmMBP fusion protein were dialyzed against sterile phosphate buffered saline pH 7.4, (PBS) (Sigma). This was then mixed with adjuvant (MPL+TDM+CWS, Sigma), at a concentration of 50-150µg/mL and inoculated at two weekly intervals into two New Zealand White rabbits. Blood was taken from these rabbits. Serum was extracted by clotting at room temperature for one hour followed by overnight incubation at 4°C before centrifugation at 4000 x rpm at 4°C. The supernatant was removed and re-centrifuged. Serum was stored in aliquots at -80°C. Sera obtained were used in bactericidal assays and Western blots (see below).

To test the specificity of the sera obtained, Western blot analysis was undertaken. Briefly, proteins of *N. meningitidis* strains MC58 and MC58ΔHianm were separated electrophoretically on SDS-PAGE before electrophoretic transfer to nitrocellulose membrane using a Semi-Dry Blotter (BioRad). These were then incubated sequentially with sera and alkaline-phosphatase conjugated anti-Rabbit IgG (Sigma) before colorimetric detection with NBT/BCIP (Sigma). These experiments demonstrated that antibodies were elicited by the HiaNm-MBP fusion protein which

were specific for, and detected a band in, MC58 but not in MC58ΔHiaNm (see FIG. 4). The predicted molecular weight of the deduced polypeptide of HiaNm is 62.3 kDa. The band detected by the sera migrates at an apparent MW in excess of 150 kDa. At least three of the homologous "autotransporter" proteins reported in the literature also display such anomalous migration: the high molecular weight outer membrane proteins UspA1 and UspA2 of *Moraxella catarrhalis* have predicted molecular weights of 62.5 kDa and 88.3 kDa respectively but migrate at 85 kDa and 120 kDa, respectively and as the UspA complex at between 350 kDa and 720 kDa (Aebi, C. et al., 1997, *Infection and Immunity*, 65: 4367-4377, Klingman, K.L. and Murphy, T.F., 1994, *Infection and Immunity*, 62: 1150-1155). Similarly, Hia of *Haemophilus influenzae* has a predicted molecular weight of 116 kDa but when expressed in a phage, Hia migrates at greater than 200 kDa (Barenkamp, S. and St. Geme III, J. 1996 *Molecular Microbiology* 19: 1215-1233).

In order to confirm that HiaNm is associated with the outer membrane of *N. meningitidis*, outer membrane complexes (omc) were prepared, essentially as previously described (van der Ley, P. et al, 1991, *Infection and Immunity*, 59:2963-71). Briefly, bacteria were grown overnight on Brain Heart Infusion agar (Acumedia Manufacturer's Inc) supplemented with 10% heated horse blood BHI plates, resuspended in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0 and heat killed, before sonication to disrupt the membrane. Cellular debris were removed by centrifugation at 10,000 x g (rcf, relative centrifugal force), and the supernatant recentrifuged at 50,000 x g. This pellet was resuspended in 1% sarkosyl/10 mM Tris pH8.4 and centrifuged at 10,000 x

g. The supernatant was centrifuged at 75,000 x g and the pellet resuspended in Tris pH 8.4, before quantification spectrophotometrically at a wavelength of 280nm. An aliquot of the sarkosyl-insoluble fraction, which contains outer membrane proteins, (50µl of A₂₈₀=3.75) was subjected to SDS-PAGE and Western blotted as described above. The results, shown in FIG. 4 demonstrate that reactivity with the anti-HiaNmMBP antisera is observed with wild type MC58, but not with MC58ΔHiaNm, in which *hiaNm* has been inactivated. The increase in reactivity with the anti-HiaMBP sera observed between whole cell samples, and the omc samples containing the same amount of total protein, in MC58 cultures is consistent with the membrane association of HiaNm.

EXAMPLE 6

Bactericidal assay

To determine whether the anti-HiaMBP antisera contained bactericidal antibodies specific for HiaNm, bactericidal assays were performed with wild type MC58 and MC58 Δ HiaNm. This assay was performed by a modification of the method described by Hoogerhout et. al. (1995, *Infection and Immunity*, **63**: 3473-3478). Briefly, MC58 and MC58 Δ HiaNm were grown overnight on BHI plates at 37°C in 5% CO₂. Bacteria from this overnight culture were subcultured under the same conditions for 4-6 hours before suspension in 1 mL PBS. Numbers of bacteria were estimated by lysis of a sample in 0.2N NaOH/1% SDS and absorbance at a wavelength of 260 nm, where $A_{260}=1 = 10^9$ cfu/mL. The bacterial suspension was adjusted to approximately 10^5 cfu/mL in PBS. Rabbit sera to be tested was heat

inactivated at 56°C for 45 minutes. Serum from four week old, New Zealand White rabbits was pooled and used as a source of complement (Central Animal Breeding House, University of Queensland). The assay was carried out in sterile polystyrene flat-bottomed 96 well microtitre plate. The total volume in each well was 24 µL: 12 µL of twofold serially diluted serum in PBS and 6 µL of bacterial suspension (containing between 300-900 bacteria). Sera and bacteria were incubated at room temperature for 10 minutes before addition of 6 µL of 80% complement in PBS (final concentration 20% vol/vol). Controls were a) PBS, bacteria and complement, b) PBS, bacteria and serum. After addition of all components and mixing, a 7 µL aliquot from each control well was spread on a BHI plate. The microtitre plate was then incubated at 37°C in 5% CO₂ for 60 minutes. After this incubation, a 7 µL aliquot from each well was spread on BHI plates. All BHI plates were then incubated for 14-18 hours at 37°C in 5% CO₂, and bacterial colonies counted. Serum bactericidal killing is reported as the highest reciprocal dilution at which at least 90% of bacteria were killed. Serum used was from the same rabbit and the same test bleed as used for Western blot experiments as reported in Example 5 above. These experiments consistently demonstrated reduced titers (approximately 3 fold, Table 4) of killing against MC58ΔHiaNm in comparison to the wild type strain, MC58, indicating that the anti-HiaMBP antisera contained bactericidal antibodies specific for HiaNm.

TABLE 4

STRAIN	TITRE ^a
--------	--------------------

MC58	12 (+/- 4.6)
MC58 Δ HiaNm	3.5 (+/- 1)

^a Mean of four independent experiments

DISCUSSION

5 Repetitive DNA has been associated with
virulence determinants in some pathogenic bacteria.
Southern blots using such a repetitive DNA motif
revealed the presence of at least three loci which
10 contained this motif in *N. meningitidis* strain MC58
(Peak, I. et al., 1996, *FEMS Microbiology Letters*,
137:109-114). These genes were cloned and sequence
analysis of two of these repeat associated loci
(*nmrep2* and *nmrep3*) revealed open reading frames of
approximately 670 amino acids (Jennings, M. et al,
15 1995, *Microbial Pathogenesis*, **19**: 391-407, Peak, I. et
al, *Microbial Pathogenesis*, in press). These
exhibited homology to each other and homology to the
carboxyl-terminal of the adhesin AIDA-I of *E. coli*.
AIDA-I is 1286 amino acids long. The carboxyl-
20 terminal region constitutes a putative outer membrane
transport domain and the amino-terminal domain of the
mature protein constitutes the adhesin domain. The
amino-terminal domain crosses the membrane through the
putative transport domain and is designated the
25 passenger domain.

As *Nmep2* and *Nmep3* share sequence homology
with the transporter domain of AIDA-I, they are
thought to form membrane pores. *Nmrep2* and *Nmrep3* are
approximately half the size of AIDA-I, and are
30 homologous to the membrane spanning domain of AIDA-I.
We hypothesized that there existed in *N. meningitidis*

a locus with homology to the amino-terminal domain of AIDA-I. We searched for such a homologue in the data from the project to sequence *N. meningitidis* strain MC58 ϕ 3 (TIGR, *supra*) and found one region with
5 homology to a gene designated AIDA-I in *Haemophilus influenzae* strain Rd (HI1732) because of its homology to AIDA-I of *E. coli*, (Fleischmann et. al., 1995 *Science* 269:496-512,). In view of the homologies noted above, the applicants decided to investigate further.

10 The gene was initially isolated by PCR amplification of the DNA corresponding to the 471 base pair fragment, named gnmaa84r, from *N. meningitidis* MC58 3 and the sequence was confirmed. Further PCR experiments enabled larger fragments to be amplified.
15 These were cloned and sequence analysis undertaken as shown in FIG 1. The gene exhibited homology to the amino-terminal region of AIDA-I of *E. coli* and we designated it *aida3*, as it represented the third AIDA-I homologue in *N. meningitidis* (with *nmrep2* and
20 *nmrep3*). Since then, the discovery of two further genes, *hia* and *hsf* from *H. influenzae* has been published (Barenkamp, S. and St. Geme III, J. 1996 *Molecular Microbiology* 19: 1215-1233, St. Geme III, J. et al, 1996, *Journal of Bacteriology* 178: 6281-6287),
25 to which *aida3* is more similar. We have therefore re-designated this gene *hiaNm*. (HI1732, the *H. influenzae* gene first identified as an homologue of AIDA-I has also been re-designated *hia* in light of the reports of Barenkamp and St. Geme III).

30 Throughout the specification the aim has been to describe the preferred embodiments of the invention without limiting the invention to any one embodiment or specific collection of features. It will therefore

be appreciated by those of skill in the art that, in light of the instant disclosure, various modifications and changes can be made in the particular embodiments exemplified without departing from the scope of the present invention. All such modifications and changes are intended to be included within the scope of the appendant claims

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of these, said polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- 5 (a) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 2;
(b) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 5;
(c) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 7;
(d) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 9;
(e) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 11;
10 (f) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 13;
(g) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 15;
(h) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 17;
(i) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 19;
and
15 (j) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 21.

2. A polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1, displaying immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- 20 (i) *N. meningitidis*;
(ii) said polypeptide;
(iii) said fragment;
(iv) said variant; and
25 (v) said derivative;

3. A polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1, displaying immunological activity against *N. meningitidis*.

30

4. An isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of these, said polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- 5 (a) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 2;
 (b) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 5;
 (c) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 7;
 (d) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 9;
 (e) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 11;
 (f) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 13;
 (g) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 15;
 (h) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 17;
 (i) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 19;
 10 and
 (j) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 21.

5. An isolated nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4, encoding a product displaying immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- 15 (i) *N. meningitidis*;
 (ii) said polypeptide;
 (iii) said fragment;
 20 (iv) said variant; and
 (v) said derivative.

6. An isolated nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4, encoding a product displaying immunological activity against *N. meningitidis*.

7. An isolated nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- 30 (1) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 1;
 (2) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 3;
 (3) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 4;
 (4) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 6;
 (5) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 8;
 (6) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 10;
 35 (7) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 12;

- 5 (12) a nucleotide sequence fragment of any one of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20; and
- (13) a nucleotide sequence homologue of any of the foregoing sequences

10

8. A nucleic acid sequence according to claim 7, encoding a product displaying immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- 15 (i) *N. meningitidis*;
 (ii) said polypeptide;
 (iii) said fragment;
 (iv) said variant; and
 (v) said derivative.

20

9. A nucleic acid sequence according to claim 7, encoding a product displaying immunological activity against *N. meningitidis*.

- 25 10. The nucleic acid sequence of claim 7, wherein said homologue is obtained from the genus *Neisseria*.

11. The nucleic acid sequence of claim 5 or claim 7, wherein said homologue is obtained from a strain of
 30 *N. meningitidis*.

12. A method of obtaining a nucleotide sequence homologue comprising the steps of:-

- 35 (i) obtaining a nucleic acid extract from a suitable host;

- (ii) creating primers which are optionally degenerate wherein each comprises a portion of a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 5 or claim 7; and
- 5 (iii) using said primers to amplify, via a nucleic acid amplification technique, one or more amplification products from said nucleic acid extract.
- 10 13. The method of claim 12, wherein said nucleic acid extract is obtained from the genus *Neisseria*.
14. The method of claim 12, wherein said nucleic acid extract is obtained from a strain of *N. meningitidis*.
- 15 15. The method of claim 12, wherein said primers are selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, and 31.
- 20 16. The method of claim 12, wherein the nucleic acid amplification technique is PCR.
- 25 17. An expression vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7, wherein said sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid.
- 30 18. A host cell transfected or transformed with an expression vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7, wherein said sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid.

19. A method of producing a recombinant polypeptide comprising the steps of:

- 5 (A) culturing a host cell according to claim 18 such that said recombinant polypeptide is expressed from said nucleic acid; and
- (B) isolating said recombinant polypeptide.

20. An antibody or antibody fragment which binds to one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- (1) *N. meningitidis*;
- (2) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (3) a fragment of said polypeptide;
- 15 (4) a variant of said polypeptide or said fragment; and
- (5) a derivative of said polypeptide or said fragment.

20 21. The antibody of claim 20, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment binds *N. meningitidis*.

22. A method of detecting *N. meningitidis* in a biological sample suspected of containing same, said method comprising the steps of:-

- 25 (A) isolating the biological sample from a patient;
- (B) mixing the antibody or antibody fragment of claim 20 or claim 21 with the biological sample to form a mixture; and
- 30 (C) detecting specifically bound antibody or bound fragment in the mixture which indicates the presence of *N. meningitidis*.

23. A method of detecting *N. meningitidis* bacteria in a biological sample suspected of containing said bacteria, said method comprising the steps of:-

5

(I) isolating the biological sample from a patient;

10

(II) detecting a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7 in said sample which indicates the presence of said bacteria.

24. A method for diagnosing infection of patients by *N. meningitidis*, said method comprising the steps of:-

15

(1) contacting a biological sample from a patient with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1; and

20

(2) determining the presence or absence of a complex between said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative and *N. meningitidis*-specific antibodies in said sample, wherein the presence of said complex is indicative of said infection.

25

25. Use of the polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1 for the manufacture of a kit for the detection or diagnosis of *N. meningitidis* infection in humans.

30

26. Use of the nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7 for the manufacture of a kit for

the detection or diagnosis of *N. meningitidis* infection in humans.

27. Use of one or more oligonucleotide primers
5 selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31, and optionally a thermostable polymerase, in a kit for the detection or diagnosis of *N. meningitidis* infection in humans.
- 10 28. Use of the antibody or antibody fragment according to claim 20 or claim 21 for the manufacture of a kit for the detection or diagnosis of *N. meningitidis* infection in humans.
- 15 29. Use of a pharmaceutically effective amount of a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1 for the prevention or treatment of *N. meningitidis* infection in humans.
- 20 30. Use of a pharmaceutically effective amount of an antibody or antibody fragment according to claim 20 or claim 21 for the prevention or treatment of *N. meningitidis* infection in humans.
- 25 31. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an isolated polypeptide or fragment thereof, or a variant or derivative of these, according to claim 1.
- 30 32. The pharmaceutical of claim 31, which is a vaccine.
33. A method of preventing or treating infection of a patient by *N. meningitidis*, comprising the step

of administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 32.

34. A method of identifying an immunoreactive
5 fragment of a polypeptide, variant or derivatives according to claim 1, comprising the steps of:-

- (a) generating a fragment of said polypeptide, variant or derivative;
- (b) administering said fragment to a
10 mammal; and

detecting an immune response in said mammal which response includes production of elements which specifically bind *N. meningitidis* and/or said polypeptide, variant or derivative, and/or a
15 protective effect against *N. meningitidis* infection.

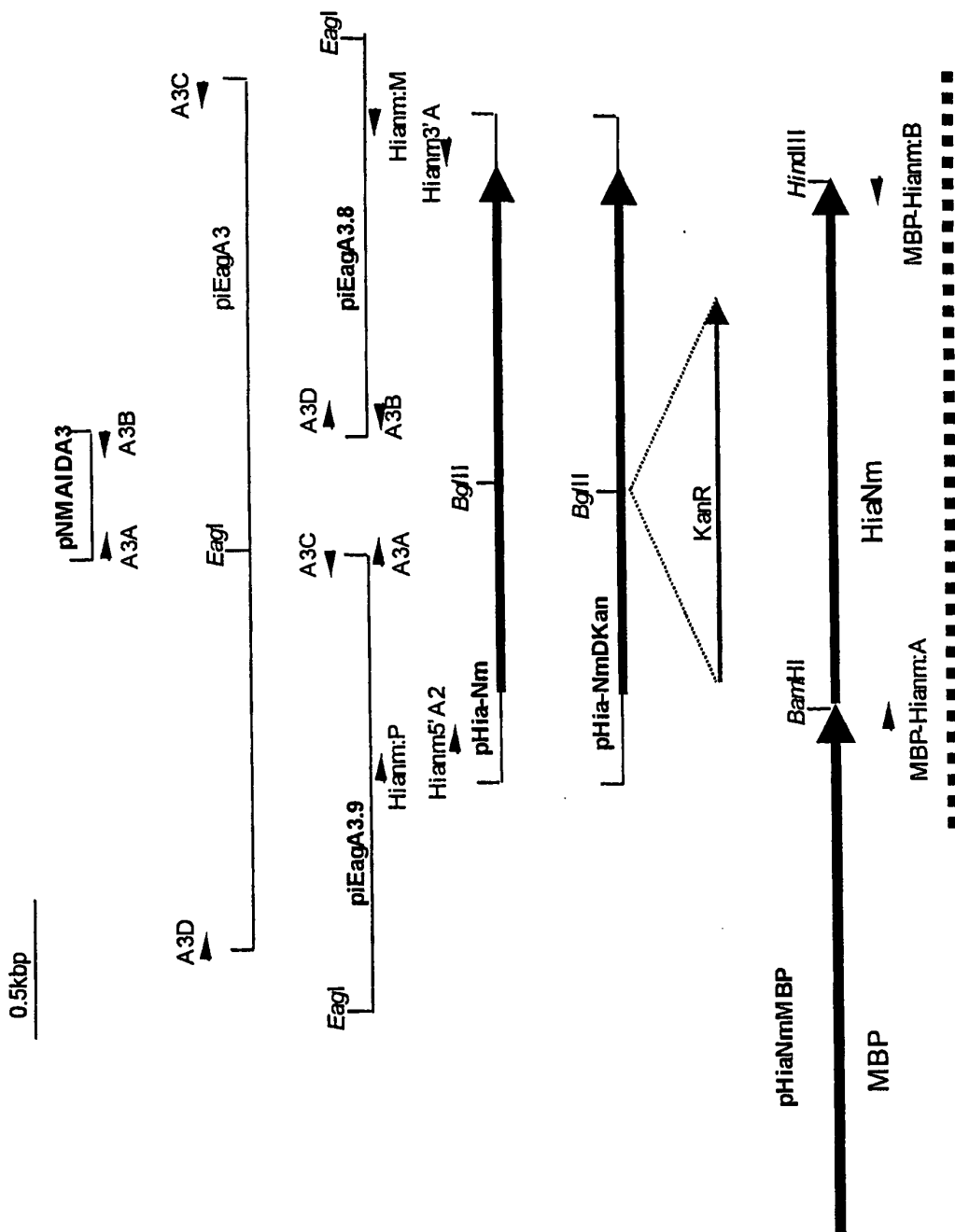


FIG. 1

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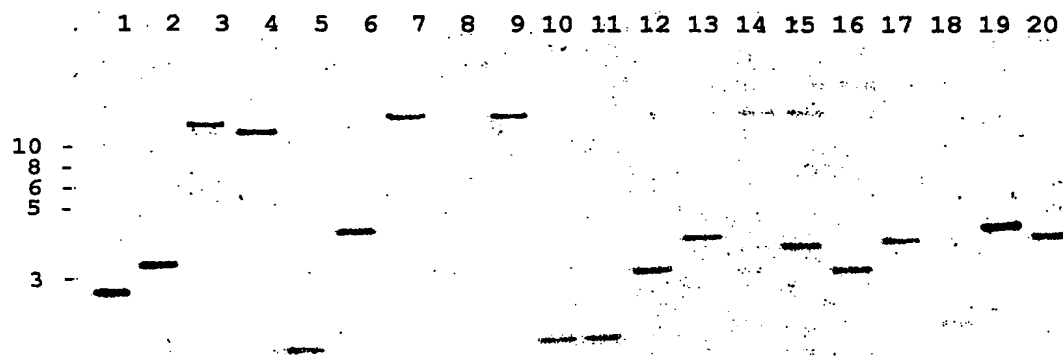


FIG. 2A

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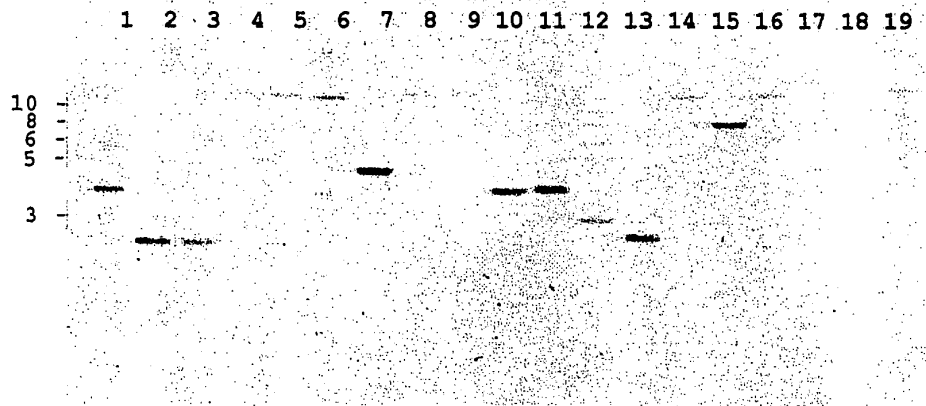


FIG. 2B

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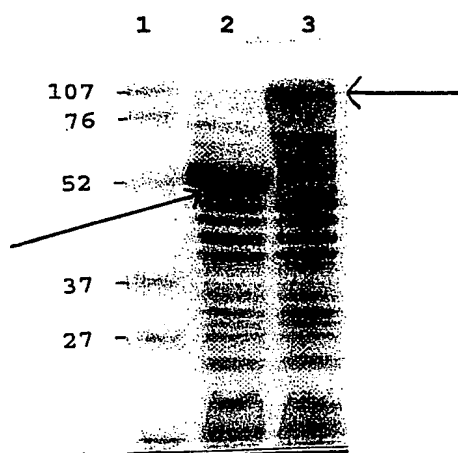


FIG. 3

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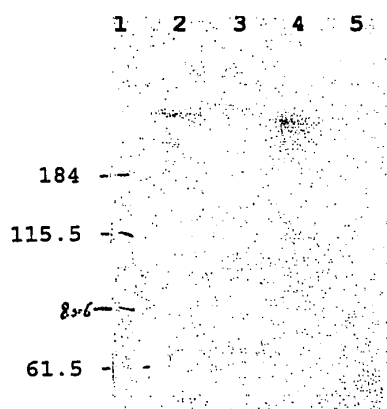


FIG. 4

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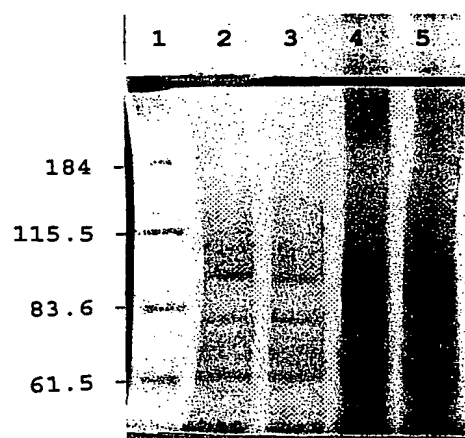


FIG. 5

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FIG. 6

	1				50
Hsf	MNKIFNVIWN	VMTQTWVVVS	ELTRHTTKRA	SATVETAVLA	TLLFATVQAN
Hia	MNKIFNVIWN	VVTQTWVVVS	ELTRHTTKCA	SATVAVAVLA	TLLSATVEAN
HiaNm	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVKTAVLA	TLLFATVQAS
	51				100
Hsf	ATDEDEELDP	VVRTAPVLSF	HSDKEGTGEK	EVTENSNWGI	YFDNKGVLKA
Hia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
HiaNm	A.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	101				150
Hsf	GAITLKAGDN	LKIKQNTDES	TNASSFTYSL	KKDLTDLTSV	ATEKLSFGAN
Hia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
HiaNm	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	151				200
Hsf	GDKVDITSDA	NGLKLAKTGN	GNVHLNGLDS	TLPDAVTNTG	VLSSSSFTPN
Hia	.....	.....	.....	.....NNTP	V.....
HiaNm	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	201				250
Hsf	DVEKTRAATV	KDVLNAGWNI	KGAKTAGGNV	ESVDLVSAYN	NVEFITGDKN
Hia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
HiaNm	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	251				300
Hsf	TLDVVLTAK	NGKTTEVKFT	PKTSVIKEKD	GKLFTGKINN	DTNKVTSNTA
Hia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.TNK.....
HiaNm	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	301				350
Hsf	TDNTDEGNGL	VTAKAVIDAV	NKAGWRVKTT	TANGQNGDFA	TVASGTNVTF
Hia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
HiaNm	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	351				400
Hsf	ESGDGTTASV	TKDTNGNGIT	VKYDAKVG DG	LKFDSDDKIV	ADTTALTVTG
Hia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
HiaNm	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	401				450
Hsf	GKVAEIAKED	DKKKLVNAGD	LVTALGNLSW	KAKAEADTDG	ALEGISKDQE
Hia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
HiaNm	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	451				500
Hsf	VKAGETVTFK	AGKNLKVQD	GANFTYSLQD	ALTGLTSITL	GGTTNGGND
Hia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
HiaNm	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	501				550
Hsf	KTVINKDGLT	ITPAGNGGTT	GTNTISVTKD	GKAGNKAIT	NVASGLRAYD
HiaLKAYG
HiaNm

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FIG. 6 cont'd

	551		600
Hsf	DANFDVLNNS ATDLNRHVED AYKGLLNLE KNANKQPLVT DSTAATVGDL		
Hia	DANFNFTNNS IADAEKQVQE AYKGLLNLE KNASDKLLVE DNTAATVGNL		
HiaNm	.....NN ERPRKKDLYL DPVQRTVAVL		
	601		650
Hsf	RKLGWVVSTK NGTKEE.SNQ VKQAD.EVLF TGAGAATVTS KSENGKHTIT		
Hia	RKLGWVLSSK NGTRNEKSQQ VKHAD.EVLF EGKGGVQVTS TSENGKHT..		
HiaNm	I....VNSDK EGT.GEKEKV EENS DWAVYF NEKGVLT... ..		
	651		700
Hsf	VSVAETKADC GLEKDGDTIK LKVDNQNTDN VLTVGNGTA VTKGGFETVK		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	701		750
Hsf	TGATDADR GK VTVKDATAND ADKKVATVKD VATAINSAAT FVKTENLTTS		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	751		800
Hsf	IDEDNPTDNG KDDALKAGDT LTFKAGKNLK VKRDGKNITF DLAKNLEVKT		
Hia	.....ITF ALAKDLGVKT		
HiaNm	.....ARE ITLKAGDNLK IKQNGTNFTY SLKKDLTDLT		
	801		850
Hsf	AKVSDTLTIG GNTPTGGTTA TPKVNITSTA DGLNFAKETA DASGSKNVYL		
Hia	ATVSDTLTIG GGAAAGATT. TPKVNVSTT DGLKFAKDAA GANG.....		
HiaNm	SVGTEKLSFS ANGN..... ..KVNITS DT KGLNFAKETA GTNG.....		
	851		900
Hsf	KGIATTLTEP SAGAKSSHVD LNV DATKKS N AASIEDVLRA GWN IQGNNGN		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	901		950
Hsf	VDYVATYDTV NFTDDSTGTT TVTVTQKADG KGADV KIGAK TSVIKDHNGK		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	951		1000
Hsf	LFTGKDLKDA NNGATVSEDD GKDTGTGLVT AKTVIDAVNK SGWRVTGEGA		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	1001		1050
Hsf	TAETGATAVN AGNAETVTSG TSVNFKNGNA TTATVSKDNG NINV KYDVNV		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	1051		1100
Hsf	GDGLKIGDDK KIVADTTTLT VTGGKVS VPA GANSVNNNKK LVNAEGLATA		
HiaDTT... ..		
HiaNmDTT... ..		

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FIG. 6 cont'd

	1101		1150
Hsf	LNNLSWTAKA DKYADGESEG ETDQEVKAGD KVTFKAGKNL KVKQSEKDFT		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	1151		1200
Hsf	YSLQDTLTGL TSITLGGTAN GRNDTGTVIN KDGLTITLAN GAAAGTDASN		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	1201		1250
Hsf	GNTISVTKDG ISAGNKEITN VKSALKTYKD TQNTADETQD KEFHAAVKNA		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	1251		1300
Hsf	NEVEFVGKNG ATVSAKTDNN GKHTVTIDVA EAKVGDGLEK DTDGKIKLKV		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	1301		1350
Hsf	DNTDGNNLLT VDATKGASVA KGEFNAVTTD ATTAQGTNAN ERGKVVVKGS		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	1351		1400
Hsf	NGATATETDK KKVATVGDDVA KAINDAATFV KVENDDSATI DDSPTDDGAN		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	1401		1450
Hsf	DALKAGDTLT LKAGKNLKV RDGKNITFAL ANDLSVKSAT VSDKLSLGTN		
Hia	.....	
HiaNm	.....	
	1451		1500
Hsf	GKNVNITSdT KGLNFAKDSK TGDDANIHLN GIASTLTDTL LNSGATTNLG		
Hia	.....VHLN GIGSTLTDTL VGSPATHIDG		
HiaNm	.....VHLN GIGSTLTDTL LNTGATTNVT		
	1501		1550
Hsf	GNGITDNEKK RAASVKDVLN AGWNVRGVKE ASANNQVENI DFVATYDFTV		
Hia	GDQSTHY..T RAASIKDVLN AGWNIKGVA GSTTGQSENV DFVHTYDFTVE		
HiaNm	NDNVTDEKK RAASVKDVLN AGWNIKGVKE GTTA..SDNV DFVRTYDFTVE		
	1551		1600
Hsf	FVSGDKDTTS VTVESKDNGK RTEVKIGAKT SVIKDHNGKL FTGKELKDN		
Hia	FLSADTETTT VTVDSKENGK RTEVKIGAKT SVIKEKDGL FTGKANKETN		
HiaNm	FLSADTKTTT VNVESKDNGK KTEVKIGVKT SVIKEKDGL VTGKD.KGEN		
	1601		1650
Hsf	NNGVTVTETD GKDEGNGLVT AKAVIDAVNK AGWRVKTGTA NGQND...F		
Hia	KVD.GANATE DADEGKGLVT AKDVIDAVNK TGWRIKTTDA NGQNGD...F		
HiaNmGS STDEGEGLVT AKEVIDAVNK AGWRMKTTTA NGQTGQADKF		

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FIG. 6 cont'd

	1651		1700
Hsf	ATVASGNTVT FADGNGTTAE VTKANDGSIT VKYNVKVADG LKLDGDKIVA		
Hia	ATVASGNTVT FASGNGTTAT VTNGTDG.IT VKYDAKVG DG LKLDGDKIAA		
HiaNm	ETVTSGNTVT FASGKGTTAT VSKDDQGNIT VMYDVNVGDA LNVNQ.....		
	1701		1750
Hsf	DTTVLTVD. ....GKV TAPNNGDGKK FVDASGLADA LNKLSWTATA		
Hia	DTTALTVDNG KNANNPCKGV ADVASTDEKK LVTAKGLVTA LNSLSWTTTA		
HiaNm	..... .LQNSGW... ..NLDSKAVA		
	1751		1800
Hsf	GKEGTGEVDP ANSAGQEVKA GDKVTFKAGD NLKIKQSGKD FTYSLLKKELK		
Hia	AEADGGTLD. GNASEQEVKA GDKVTFKAGK NLKVKQEGAN FTYSLQDAL T		
HiaNm	G..SSGKVIS GNVSPSKGKM DETVNINAGN NIEITRNGKN I..DIATSMT		
	1801		1850
Hsf	.DLTSVEFKD ANGGTGSEST KITKDGLTIT PANGAGAAGA NTANTISVTK		
Hia	.GLTSITLGT GNNGA...KT EINKDGLTIT PANG...AGA NNANTISVTK		
HiaNm	PQFSSVSLG. ....AGA D.APTLSV..		
	1851		1900
Hsf	DGISAGNKAV TNVVSGLKKF GDGHTLANGT VAD.FEKHYD NAYKDLTNLD		
Hia	DGISAGGQSV KNVVSGLKKF GDANFDPLTS SADNLTKQND DAYKGLTNLD		
HiaNm	.....	
	1901		1950
Hsf	EKGADNN.PT VADNTAATVG DLRGLGWVIS ADKTTGEPNQ EYNAQVRNAN		
Hia	EKGTDKQTPV VADNTAATVG DLRGLGWVIS ADKTTGGST. EYHDQVRNAN		
HiaNm	.....	
	1951		2000
Hsf	EVKFKSGNGI NVSGKTLNGT RVITFELAKG EVVKSNEFTV KNADGSETNL		
Hia	EVKFKSGNGI NVSGKTVNGR REITFELAKG EVVKSNEFTV KETNGKETSL		
HiaNm	.....DGDAL NVGSK.....		
	2001		2050
Hsf	VKVGDMYYSK EDIDPATSKP ..MTGKT..E KYKVENGKVV SANGSKTEVT		
Hia	VKVGDKYYSK EDIDLTTGQP KLKDGNTVAA KYQDKGGKVV SVTD.NTEAT		
HiaNm	.....KDNKPV R.....		
	2051		2100
Hsf	LTNKGSGYVT GNQVADAIK SGFELGLADA AEA EKAFES AKDKQLSKDK		
Hia	ITNKGSGYVT GNQVADAIK SGFELGLADE ADAKRAFDD. .KTKALSAGT		
HiaNm	ITNVAPG... ..		
	2101		2150
Hsf	AETVNAHDKV RFANGLNTKV SAATVESTDA NGDKVTTTFV KTDVELPLTQ		
Hia	TEIVNAHDKV RFANGLNTKV SAATVESTDA NGDKVTTTFV KTDVELPLTQ		
HiaNm	.....	
	2151		2200
Hsf	IYNTDANGNK I...VKKADG KWEYELNADGT AS.NKEVTLG NVDANGKKVV		
Hia	IYNTDANGKK ITKVVKDGQT KWEYELNADGT ADMTKEVTLG NVDS DGKKVV		
HiaNmVKEGD.		

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FIG. 6 cont'd

	2201		2250
Hsf	KVTENGADKW	YYTNADGAAD	CTKGEVSNDK VSTDEKHVVR LDPNNQSNGK
Hia	K...DNDGKW	YHAKADGTAD	CTKGEVSNDK VSTDEKHVVS LDPNDQSKGK
HiaNm	.....	.....	.....
	2251		2300
Hsf	GVVIDNVANG	EISATSTDAI	NGSQLYAVAK GVTNLAGQVN NLEGKVNKVG
Hia	GVVIDNVANG	DISATSTDAI	NGSQLYAVAK GVTNLAGQVN NLEGKVNKVG
HiaNm	...VTNVA..	.....	...QLKGVA. ....Q NLNNRIDNVD
	2301		2350
Hsf	KRADAGTASA	LAASQLPQAT	MPGKSMVAIA GSSYQGQNGL AIGVSRISDN
Hia	KRADAGTASA	LAASQLPQAT	MPGKSMVAIA GSSYQGQNGL AIGVSRISDN
HiaNm	GNARAGIAQA	IATAGLVQAY	LPGKSMMMAIG GGTyrGEAGY AIGYSSISDG
	2351		2378
Hsf	GKVIIRLSGT	TNSQGKTGVA	AGVGYQW*
Hia	GKVIIRLSGT	TNSQGKTGVA	AGVGYQW*
HiaNm	GNWIIKGTAS	GNSRGHFGAS	ASVGYQW*

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FIG. 7

	1				50
eg329	MNEILRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVKTAVLA	TLLFATVQAS
pmc21	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVKTAVLA	TLLFATVQAS
HiaNm	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVKTAVLA	TLLFATVQAS
h15	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLFATVQAN
BZ10	MNKISRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLFATVQAN
bz198	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLFATVQAN
eg327	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVAVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLFATVQAS
h38	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVAVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVKTAVLA	TLLFATVQAN
h41	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVAVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVKTAVLA	TLLFATVQAN
p20	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLSATVQAN
	51				100
eg329	ANNE.EQEED	LYLDPVLRV	AVLIVNSDKE	GTGEKEKVEE	NSDWAVYFNE
pmc21	ANNE.EQEED	LYLDPVQRTV	AVLIVNSDKE	GTGEKEKVEE	NSDWAVYFNE
HiaNm	ANNERPRKCD	LYLDPVQRTV	AVLIVNSDKE	GTGEKEKVEE	NSDWAVYFNE
h15	ATD....DDD	LYLEPVQRTA	VVLSFRSDKE	GTGEKE.GTE	DSNWAVYFDE
BZ10	ATD....DDD	LYLEPVQRTA	VVLSFRSDKE	GTGEKE.GTE	DSNWAVYFDE
bz198	ATD....DDD	LYLEPVQRTA	VVLSFRSDKE	GTGEKE.GTE	DSNWAVYFDE
eg327	TTD....DDD	LYLEPVQRTA	VVLSFRSDKE	GTGEKE.VTE	DSNWGVYFDK
h38	ATDE...DEE	EELEPVVRS	LVLQFMIDKE	GNGENE.STG	NIGWSIYYDN
h41	ATDE...DEE	EELESVQRS.	VVGSIQASME	GSVELETI..	..SLSMTNDS
p20	ATDT...DED	EELESVARSA	LVLQFMIDKE	GNGEIE.STG	DIGWSIYYDD
	101				150
eg329	KGVLTA.REI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ.....	..NGTNFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
pmc21	KGVLTA.REI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ.....	..NGTNFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
HiaNm	KGVLTA.REI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ.....	..NGTNFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
h15	KRVLKA.GAI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQNTNENTNE	NTNDSSFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
BZ10	KRVLKA.GAI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQNTNENTNE	NTNDSSFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
bz198	KRVLKA.GAI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ....NTNE	NTNDSSFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
eg327	KGVLTA.GTI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ....NTNE	NTNASSFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
h38	HNTLHG.ATV	TLKAGDNLKI	KQNTNKNTNE	NTNDSSFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
h41	KEFVDPYIVV	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ....NTNE	NTNASSFTYS	LKKDLTGLIN
p20	HNTLHG.ATV	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ.....	..SGKDFTYS	LKKELKDLTS
	151				200
eg329	VGTEKLSFSA	NGNKVNITSD	TKGLNFAKET	AGTNGDTPVH	LNGIGSTLTD
pmc21	VGTEKLSFSA	NGNKVNITSD	TKGLNFAKET	AGTNGDTPVH	LNGIGSTLTD
HiaNm	VGTEKLSFSA	NGNKVNITSD	TKGLNFAKET	AGTNGDTPVH	LNGIGSTLTD
h15	VETEKLSFGA	NGNKVNITSD	TKGLNFAKET	AGTNGDPTVH	LNGIGSTLTD
BZ10	VETEKLSFGA	NGNKVNITSD	TKGLNFAKET	AGTNGDPTVH	LNGIGSTLTD
bz198	VETEKLSFGA	NGNKVNITSD	TKGLNFAKET	AGTNGDPTVH	LNGIGSTLTD
eg327	VGTEKLSFSA	NSNKVNITSD	TKGLNFAKKT	AETNGDTPVH	LNGIGSTLTD
h38	VETEKLSFGA	NGNKVNITSD	TKGLNFAKET	AGTNGDTPVH	LNGIGSTLTD
h41	VETEKLSFGA	NGKKVNIISD	TKGLNFAKET	AGTNGDTPVH	LNGIGSTLTD
p20	VETEKLSFGA	NGNKVNITSD	TKGLNFAKET	AGTNGDPTVH	LNGIGSTLTD

	351				400	
eg329	DKFETVTS	SGT	NVTFASG	KGT	TATVSKDDQ	G
pmc21	DKFETVTS	SGT	NVTFASG	KGT	TATVSKDDQ	G
HiaNm	DKFETVTS	SGT	NVTFASG	KGT	TATVSKDDQ	G
h15	DKFETVTS	SGT	KVTFASG	NGT	TATVSKDDQ	G
B210	DKFETVTS	SGT	KVTFASG	NGT	TATVSKDDQ	G
bz198	DKFETVTS	SGT	NVTFASG	KGT	TATVSKDDQ	G
eg327	DKFETVTS	SGT	NVTFASG	KGT	TATVSKDDQ	G
h38	DKFETVTS	SGT	NVTFASG	KGT	TATVSKDDQ	G
h41	DKFETVTS	SGT	KVTFASG	NGT	TATVSKDDQ	G
p20	DKFETVTS	SGT	KVTFASG	NGT	TATVSKDDQ	G

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FIG. 7 cont'd

	401				450
eg329	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
pmc21	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
HiaNm	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
h15	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
BZ10	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
bz198	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
eg327	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
h38	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
h41	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
p20	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
	451				500
eg329	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDGD	.ALNVGSKKD	NKPVRITNVA
pmc21	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDGD	.ALNVGSKKD	NKPVRITNVA
HiaNm	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDGD	.ALNVGSKKD	NKPVRITNVA
h15	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE	GALNVGSKDA	NKPVRITNVA
BZ10	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE	GALNVGSKDA	NKPVRITNVA
bz198	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE	GALNVGSKDT	NKPVRITNVA
eg327	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE	GALNVGSKDA	NKPVRITNVA
h38	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE	GALNVGSKDA	NKPVRITNVA
h41	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE	GALNVGSKDA	NKPVRITNVA
p20	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE	GALNVGSKDA	NKPVRITNVA
	501				550
eg329	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
pmc21	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
HiaNm	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
h15	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLAQAYL
BZ10	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLAQAYL
bz198	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
eg327	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
h38	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
h41	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
p20	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLAQAYL
	551				600
eg329	PGKSMAAIGG	GTYRGEAGYA	IGYSSISDGG	NWIIKGTASG	NSRGHFGASA
pmc21	PGKSMAAIGG	GTYRGEAGYA	IGYSSISDGG	NWIIKGTASG	NSRGHFGASA
HiaNm	PGKSMAAIGG	GTYRGEAGYA	IGYSSISDGG	NWIIKGTASG	NSRGHFGASA
h15	PGKSMAAIGG	GTYRGEAGYA	IGYSSISDTG	NWVIKGTASG	NSRGHFGASA
BZ10	PGKSMAAIGG	GTYRGEAGYA	IGYSSISDTG	NWVIKGTASG	NSRGHFGTSA
bz198	PGKSMAAIGG	DTYRGEAGYA	IGYSSISDGG	NWIIKGTASG	NSRGHFGASA
eg327	PGKSMAAIGG	GTYRGEAGYA	IGYSSISDGG	NWIIKGTASG	NSRGHFGASA
h38	PGKSMAAIGG	GTYRGEAGYA	IGYSSISDGG	NWIIKGTASG	NSRGHFGASA
h41	PGKSMAAIGG	GTYLGEAGYA	IGYSSISAGG	NWIIKGTASG	NSRGHFGASA
p20	PGKSMAAIGG	GTYLGEAGYA	IGYSSISDTG	NWVIKGTASG	NSRGHFGTSA

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FIG. 7 cont'd

	601
eg329	SVGYQW*
pmc21	SVGYQW*
HiaNm	SVGYQW*
h15	SVGYQW*
BZ10	SVGYQW*
bz198	SVGYQW*
eg327	SVGYQW*
h38	SVGYQW*
h41	SVGYQW*
p20	SVGYQW*

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ii

aaa gta gaa gaa aat tca gat tgg gca gta tat ttc aac gag aaa gga	581
Lys Val Glu Glu Asn Ser Asp Trp Ala Val Tyr Phe Asn Glu Lys Gly	
90 95 100	
gta cta aca gcc aga gaa atc acc ctc aaa gcc ggc gac aac ctg aaa	629
Val Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys	
105 110 115	
atc aaa caa aac ggc aca aac ttc acc tac tcg ctg aaa aaa gac ctc	677
Ile Lys Gln Asn Gly Thr Asn Phe Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu	
120 125 130	
aca gat ctg acc agt gtt gga act gaa aaa tta tcg ttt agc gca aac	725
Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu Lys Leu Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn	
135 140 145 150	
ggc aat aaa gtc aac atc aca agc gac acc aaa ggc ttg aat ttt gcg	773
Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala	
155 160 165	
aaa gaa acg gct ggg acg aac ggc gac acc acg gtt cat ctg aac ggt	821
Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly	
170 175 180	
att ggt tcg act ttg acc gat acg ctg ctg aat acc gga gcg acc aca	869
Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr	
185 190 195	
aac gta acc aac gac aac gtt acc gat gac gag aaa aaa cgt gcg gca	917
Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala	
200 205 210	
agc gtt aaa gac gta tta aac gct ggc tgg aac att aaa ggc gtt aaa	965
Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys	
215 220 225 230	
ccc ggt aca aca gct tcc gat aac gtt gat ttc gtc cgc act tac gac	1013
Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp	
235 240 245	
aca gtc gag ttc ttg agc gca gat acg aaa aca acg act gtt aat gtg	1061
Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr Thr Thr Val Asn Val	
250 255 260	
gaa agc aaa gac aac ggc aag aaa acc gaa gtt aaa atc ggt gtg aag	1109
Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu Val Lys Ile Gly Val Lys	
265 270 275	
act tct gtt att aaa gaa aaa gac ggt aag ttg gtt act ggt aaa gac	1157
Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Asp	
280 285 290	
aaa ggc gag aat ggt tct tct aca gac gaa ggc gaa ggc tta gtg act	1205
Lys Gly Glu Asn Gly Ser Ser Thr Asp Glu Gly Glu Gly Leu Val Thr	
295 300 305 310	
gca aaa gaa gtg att gat gca gta aac aag gct ggt tgg aga atg aaa	1253
Ala Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Ala Val Asn Lys Ala Gly Trp Arg Met Lys	
315 320 325	
aca aca acg gct aat ggt caa aca ggt caa gct gac aag ttt gaa acc	1301
Thr Thr Thr Ala Asn Gly Gln Thr Gly Gln Ala Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr	
330 335 340	

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iv

aaaatcccc caaaatcccc taaattccca ccaagacatt taggggattt ctcatgagca 2194
 ccttcttccg gcaaaccgcg caagccatga ttgccaaaca catcaaccgt ttcccgttat 2254
 tgaagtggga ccaagtgtatt gattggcagc cgatcgagca gtacctgaac cgtc 2308

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 <212> PRT
 <213> Neisseria meningitidis

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 Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln
 35 40 45
 Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Glu Arg Pro Arg Lys Lys Asp Leu Tyr Leu Asp
 50 55 60
 Pro Val Gln Arg Thr Val Ala Val Leu Ile Val Asn Ser Asp Lys Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Glu Asn Ser Asp Trp Ala Val
 85 90 95
 Tyr Phe Asn Glu Lys Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Ile Thr Leu Lys
 100 105 110
 Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Gly Thr Asn Phe Thr Tyr
 115 120 125
 Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu Lys
 130 135 140
 Leu Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr
 145 150 155 160
 Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr
 165 170 175
 Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp
 195 200 205
 Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp
 210 215 220
 Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys
 245 250 255
 Thr Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu
 260 265 270

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V

Val Lys Ile Gly Val Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys
 275 280 285
 Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Asp Lys Gly Glu Asn Gly Ser Ser Thr Asp Glu
 290 295 300
 Gly Glu Gly Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Ala Val Asn Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Ala Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Thr Ala Asn Gly Gln Thr Gly Gln
 325 330 335
 Ala Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr Asn Val Thr Phe Ala
 340 345 350
 Ser Gly Lys Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys Asp Asp Gln Gly Asn
 355 360 365
 Ile Thr Val Met Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Asn
 370 375 380
 Gln Leu Glu Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Gly
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys
 405 410 415
 Met Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn Asn Ile Glu Ile Thr
 420 425 430
 Arg Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser Met Thr Pro Gln Phe
 435 440 445
 Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser Val
 450 455 460
 Asp Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Lys Asp Asn Lys Pro Val
 465 470 475 480
 Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Asn
 485 490 495
 Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp
 500 505 510
 Asn Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr
 515 520 525
 Ala Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile
 530 535 540
 Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser
 545 550 555 560
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<211> 1779

<212> DNA

<213> Neisseria meningitidis

<400> 3

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 acactgttgt ttgcaacggt tcaggcaagt gctaacaatg aaagaccaag aaagaaagat 180
 ttatatattag accccgtaca acgcactggt gccgtgttga tagtcaattc cgataaaagaa 240
 ggcacgggag aaaaagaaaa agtagaagaa aattcagatt gggcagtata tttcaacgag 300
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 accaacgaca acgttaccga tgacgagaaa aaacgtgcgg caagcgtaa agacgtatta 660
 aacgtggct ggaacattaa aggcgttaaa cccggtacaa cagcttccga taacgttgat 720
 ttcgtccgca cttacgacac agtcgagttc ttgagcgag atacgaaaac aacgactgtt 780
 aatgtggaaa gcaaagacaa cggcaagaaa accgaagtta aaatcggtgt gaagacttct 840
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 gtaagtaaag atgatcaagg caacatcact gttatgtatg atgtaaatgt cggcgatgcc 1140
 ctaaaccgtca atcagctgca aaacagcgggt tggaatttgg attccaaagc gggtgcaggt 1200
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 aaaggcgtgg cgcaaaactt gaacaaccgc atcgacaatg tggacggcaa cgcgcgtgcg 1560
 ggcacgcgcc aagcgattgc aaccgcaggt ctggttcagg cgtatttgcc cggcaagagt 1620
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<210> 4

<211> 1797

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vii

<212> DNA

<213> *Neisseria meningitidis*

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (1)..(1797)

<400> 4

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  1           5           10           15

gtc gtc gta tcc gag ctc aca cgc aac cac acc aaa cgc gcc tcc gca 96
Val Val Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala
          20           25           30

acc gtg gcg acc gcc gta ttg gcg aca ctg ttg ttt gca acg gtt cag 144
Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln
          35           40           45

gcg aat gct acc gat gac gac gat tta tat tta gaa ccc gta caa cgc 192
Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Glu Pro Val Gln Arg
  50           55           60

act gct gtc gtg ttg agc ttc cgt tcc gat aaa gaa ggc acg gga gaa 240
Thr Ala Val Val Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Gly Glu
  65           70           75           80

aaa gaa ggt aca gaa gat tca aat tgg gca gta tat ttc gac gag aaa 288
Lys Glu Gly Thr Glu Asp Ser Asn Trp Ala Val Tyr Phe Asp Glu Lys
          85           90           95

aga gta cta aaa gcc gga gca atc acc ctc aaa gcc ggc gac aac ctg 336
Arg Val Leu Lys Ala Gly Ala Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu
          100          105          110

aaa atc aaa caa aac acc aat gaa aac acc aat gaa aac acc aat gac 384
Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn Asp
          115          120          125

agt agc ttc acc tac tcc ctg aaa aaa gac ctc aca gat ctg acc agt 432
Ser Ser Phe Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser
          130          135          140

gtt gaa act gaa aaa tta tcg ttt ggc gca aac ggt aat aaa gtc aac 480
Val Glu Thr Glu Lys Leu Ser Phe Gly Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn
          145          150          155          160

atc aca agc gac acc aaa ggc ttg aat ttt gcg aaa gaa acg gct ggg 528
Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly
          165          170          175

acg aac ggc gac ccc acg gtt cat ctg aac ggt atc ggt tcg act ttg 576
Thr Asn Gly Asp Pro Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu
          180          185          190

acc gat acg ctg ctg aat acc gga gcg acc aca aac gta acc aac gac 624
Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp
          195          200          205

aac gtt acc gat gac gag aaa aaa cgt gcg gca agc gtt aaa gac gta 672
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          210          215          220

tta aac gca ggc tgg aac att aaa ggc gtt aaa ccc ggt aca aca gct 720

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Leu	Asn	Ala	Gly	Trp	Asn	Ile	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys	Pro	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	
225					230					235					240	
tcc	gat	aac	gtc	gat	ttc	gtc	cgc	act	tac	gac	aca	gtc	gag	ttc	ttg	768
Ser	Asp	Asn	Val	Asp	Phe	Val	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu	
				245					250					255		
agc	gca	gat	acg	aaa	aca	acg	act	gtt	aat	gtg	gaa	agc	aaa	gac	aac	816
Ser	Ala	Asp	Thr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Val	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asn	
			260					265					270			
ggc	aag	aga	acc	gaa	gtt	aaa	atc	ggc	gca	aag	act	tct	gtt	att	aaa	864
Gly	Lys	Arg	Thr	Glu	Val	Lys	Ile	Gly	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ser	Val	Ile	Lys	
			275				280						285			
gaa	aaa	gac	ggc	aag	ttg	gtt	act	ggc	aaa	ggc	aaa	ggc	gag	aat	ggc	912
Glu	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	Leu	Val	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	
	290					295					300					
tct	tct	aca	gac	gaa	ggc	gaa	ggc	tta	gtg	act	gca	aaa	gaa	gtg	att	960
Ser	Ser	Thr	Asp	Glu	Gly	Glu	Gly	Leu	Val	Thr	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val	Ile	
305					310					315					320	
gat	gca	gta	aac	aag	gct	ggc	tgg	aga	atg	aaa	aca	aca	acc	gct	aat	1008
Asp	Ala	Val	Asn	Lys	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg	Met	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asn	
				325					330					335		
ggc	caa	aca	ggc	caa	gct	gac	aag	ttt	gaa	acc	gtt	aca	tca	ggc	aca	1056
Gly	Gln	Thr	Gly	Gln	Ala	Asp	Lys	Phe	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser	Gly	Thr	
			340					345					350			
aaa	gta	acc	ttt	gct	agt	ggc	aat	ggc	aca	act	gca	act	gta	agt	aaa	1104
Lys	Val	Thr	Phe	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Val	Ser	Lys	
		355					360					365				
gat	gat	caa	ggc	aac	atc	act	gtt	aag	tat	gat	gta	aat	gtc	ggc	gat	1152
Asp	Asp	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ile	Thr	Val	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp	
	370					375					380					
gcc	cta	aac	gtc	aat	cag	ctg	caa	aac	agc	ggc	tgg	aat	ttg	gat	tcc	1200
Ala	Leu	Asn	Val	Asn	Gln	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	
385					390					395					400	
aaa	gca	gtt	gca	ggc	tct	tcg	ggc	aaa	gtc	atc	agc	ggc	aat	gtt	tcg	1248
Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys	Val	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn	Val	Ser	
			405					410						415		
ccg	agc	aag	gga	aag	atg	gat	gaa	acc	gtc	aac	att	aat	gcc	ggc	aac	1296
Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly	Lys	Met	Asp	Glu	Thr	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ala	Gly	Asn	
			420					425					430			
aac	atc	gag	att	acc	cgc	aac	ggc	aaa	aat	atc	gac	atc	gcc	act	tcg	1344
Asn	Ile	Glu	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asn	Gly	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ser	
		435					440					445				
atg	acc	ccg	caa	ttt	tcc	agc	gtt	tcg	ctc	ggc	gca	ggg	gca	gat	gca	1392
Met	Thr	Pro	Gln	Phe	Ser	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala	
	450					455						460				
ccc	act	tta	agc	gtg	gat	gac	gag	ggc	gca	ttg	aat	gtc	ggc	agc	aag	1440
Pro	Thr	Leu	Ser	Val	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys		
465					470					475				480		
gat	gcc	aac	aaa	ccc	gtc	cgc	att	acc	aat	gtc	gcc	ccg	ggc	gtt	aaa	1488
Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys	Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr	Asn	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly	Val	Lys	

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ix

485										490										495										
gag	ggg	gat	ggt	aca	aac	gtc	gca	caa	ctt	aaa	ggt	gtg	gcg	caa	aac		1536													
Glu	Gly	Asp	Val	Thr	Asn	Val	Ala	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gly	Val	Ala	Gln	Asn															
			500					505					510																	
ttg	aac	aac	cgc	atc	gac	aat	gtg	gac	ggc	aac	gcg	cgc	gcg	ggt	atc		1584													
Leu	Asn	Asn	Arg	Ile	Asp	Asn	Val	Asp	Gly	Asn	Ala	Arg	Ala	Gly	Ile															
		515					520					525																		
gcc	caa	gcg	att	gca	acc	gca	ggt	ttg	gct	cag	gcc	tat	ttg	ccc	ggc		1632													
Ala	Gln	Ala	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Gly															
		530				535					540																			
aag	agt	atg	atg	gcg	atc	ggc	ggc	ggt	act	tat	cgc	ggc	gaa	gcc	ggt		1680													
Lys	Ser	Met	Met	Ala	Ile	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ala	Gly															
545					550					555					560															
tac	gcc	atc	ggc	tac	tcg	agc	att	tct	gac	act	ggg	aat	tgg	ggt	atc		1728													
Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser	Asp	Thr	Gly	Asn	Trp	Val	Ile															
			565						570					575																
aag	ggc	acg	gct	tcc	ggc	aat	tcg	cgc	ggt	cat	ttc	ggt	act	tcc	gca		1776													
Lys	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Arg	Gly	His	Phe	Gly	Thr	Ser	Ala															
			580					585					590																	
tct	gtc	ggt	tat	cag	tgg	taa											1797													
Ser	Val	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Trp																									
			595																											

<210> 5

<211> 598

<212> PRT

<213> Neisseria meningitidis

<400> 5

Met	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Arg	Ile	Ile	Trp	Asn	Ser	Ala	Leu	Asn	Ala	Trp
1				5					10					15	

Val	Val	Val	Ser	Glu	Leu	Thr	Arg	Asn	His	Thr	Lys	Arg	Ala	Ser	Ala
			20					25					30		

Thr	Val	Ala	Thr	Ala	Val	Leu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala	Thr	Val	Gln
		35					40					45			

Ala	Asn	Ala	Thr	Asp	Asp	Asp	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Pro	Val	Gln	Arg
	50					55					60				

Thr	Ala	Val	Val	Leu	Ser	Phe	Arg	Ser	Asp	Lys	Glu	Gly	Thr	Gly	Glu
65					70					75					80

Lys	Glu	Gly	Thr	Glu	Asp	Ser	Asn	Trp	Ala	Val	Tyr	Phe	Asp	Glu	Lys
				85					90					95	

Arg	Val	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ile	Thr	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Asp	Asn	Leu
		100						105					110		

Lys	Ile	Lys	Gln	Asn	Thr	Asn	Glu	Asn	Thr	Asn	Glu	Asn	Thr	Asn	Asp
		115					120					125			

Ser	Ser	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser
	130					135					140				

Val	Glu	Thr	Glu	Lys	Leu	Ser	Phe	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asn	Lys	Val	Asn
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Substitute Sheet
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X

145 150 155 160
 Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly
 165 170 175
 Thr Asn Gly Asp Pro Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu
 180 185 190
 Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp
 195 200 205
 Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val
 210 215 220
 Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu
 245 250 255
 Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn
 260 265 270
 Gly Lys Arg Thr Glu Val Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys
 275 280 285
 Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Gly Lys Gly Glu Asn Gly
 290 295 300
 Ser Ser Thr Asp Glu Gly Glu Gly Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Glu Val Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Asp Ala Val Asn Lys Ala Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Thr Ala Asn
 325 330 335
 Gly Gln Thr Gly Gln Ala Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr
 340 345 350
 Lys Val Thr Phe Ala Ser Gly Asn Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys
 355 360 365
 Asp Asp Gln Gly Asn Ile Thr Val Lys Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp
 370 375 380
 Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Gln Leu Gln Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser
 385 390 395 400
 Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser
 405 410 415
 Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys Met Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn
 420 425 430
 Asn Ile Glu Ile Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser
 435 440 445
 Met Thr Pro Gln Phe Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala
 450 455 460
 Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Asp Asp Glu Gly Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys
 465 470 475 480
 Asp Ala Asn Lys Pro Val Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys
 485 490 495

Substitute Sheet
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xi

Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Asn Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn
 500 505 510

Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp Asn Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile
 515 520 525

Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Ala Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly
 530 535 540

Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ala Gly
 545 550 555 560

Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Thr Gly Asn Trp Val Ile
 565 570 575

Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Thr Ser Ala
 580 585 590

Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp
 595

<210> 6
 <211> 1785
 <212> DNA
 <213> Neisseria meningitidis

<220>
 <221> CDS
 <222> (1)..(1785)

<400> 6
 atg aac aaa ata tac cgc atc att tgg aat agt gcc ctc aat gcc tgg 48
 Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp
 1 5 10 15

gtc gtc gta tcc gag ctc aca cgc aac cac acc aaa cgc gcc tcc gca 96
 Val Val Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala
 20 25 30

acc gtg gcg acc gcc gta ttg gcg aca ctg ttg ttt gca acg gtt cag 144
 Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln
 35 40 45

gcg aat gct acc gat gac gac gat tta tat tta gaa ccc gta caa cgc 192
 Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Glu Pro Val Gln Arg
 50 55 60

act gct gtc gtg ttg agc ttc cgt tcc gat aaa gaa ggc acg gga gaa 240
 Thr Ala Val Val Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Gly Glu
 65 70 75 80

aaa gaa ggt aca gaa gat tca aat tgg gca gta tat ttc gac gag aaa 288
 Lys Glu Gly Thr Glu Asp Ser Asn Trp Ala Val Tyr Phe Asp Glu Lys
 85 90 95

aga gta cta aaa gcc gga gca atc acc ctc aaa gcc ggc gac aac ctg 336
 Arg Val Leu Lys Ala Gly Ala Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu
 100 105 110

aaa atc aaa caa aac acc aat gaa aac acc aat gac agt agc ttc acc 384
 Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn Asp Ser Ser Phe Thr
 115 120 125

tac tcc ctg aaa aaa gac ctc aca gat ctg acc agt gtt gaa act gaa 432

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xii

Tyr	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser	Val	Glu	Thr	Glu	
130						135					140					
aaa	tta	tcg	ttt	ggc	gca	aac	ggg	aat	aaa	gtc	aac	atc	aca	agc	gac	480
Lys	Leu	Ser	Phe	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asn	Lys	Val	Asn	Ile	Thr	Ser	Asp	
145					150					155					160	
acc	aaa	ggc	ttg	aat	ttt	gcg	aaa	gaa	acg	gct	ggg	acg	aac	ggc	gac	528
Thr	Lys	Gly	Leu	Asn	Phe	Ala	Lys	Glu	Thr	Ala	Gly	Thr	Asn	Gly	Asp	
				165					170					175		
ccc	acg	gtt	cat	ctg	aac	ggg	atc	ggg	tcg	act	ttg	acc	gat	acg	ctg	576
Pro	Thr	Val	His	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Gly	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Asp	Thr	Leu	
			180				185						190			
ctg	aat	acc	gga	gcg	acc	aca	aac	gta	acc	aac	gac	aac	gtt	acc	gat	624
Leu	Asn	Thr	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr	Asn	Val	Thr	Asn	Asp	Asn	Val	Thr	Asp	
		195					200					205				
gac	gag	aaa	aaa	cgt	gcg	gca	agc	gtt	aaa	gac	gta	tta	aac	gca	ggc	672
Asp	Glu	Lys	Lys	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser	Val	Lys	Asp	Val	Leu	Asn	Ala	Gly	
	210					215					220					
tgg	aac	att	aaa	ggc	gtt	aaa	ccc	ggg	aca	aca	gct	tcc	gat	aac	gtt	720
Trp	Asn	Ile	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys	Pro	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ser	Asp	Asn	Val	
225					230					235					240	
gat	ttc	gtc	cgc	act	tac	gac	aca	gtc	gag	ttc	ttg	agc	gca	gat	acg	768
Asp	Phe	Val	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ala	Asp	Thr	
				245					250					255		
aaa	aca	acg	act	gtt	aat	gtg	gaa	agc	aaa	gac	aac	ggc	aag	aaa	acc	816
Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Val	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asn	Gly	Lys	Lys	Thr	
			260					265					270			
gaa	gtt	aaa	atc	ggg	gcg	aag	act	tct	gtt	att	aaa	gaa	aaa	gac	ggg	864
Glu	Val	Lys	Ile	Gly	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ser	Val	Ile	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Gly	
		275					280					285				
aag	ttg	gtt	act	ggg	aaa	ggc	aaa	gac	gag	aat	ggg	tct	tct	aca	gac	912
Lys	Leu	Val	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly	Lys	Asp	Glu	Asn	Gly	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asp	
	290					295					300					
gaa	ggc	gaa	ggc	tta	gtg	act	gca	aaa	gaa	gtg	att	gat	gca	gta	aac	960
Glu	Gly	Glu	Gly	Leu	Val	Thr	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Asn	
305					310					315					320	
aag	gct	ggg	tgg	aga	atg	aaa	aca	aca	acc	gct	aat	ggg	caa	aca	ggg	1008
Lys	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg	Met	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asn	Gly	Gln	Thr	Gly	
				325					330					335		
caa	gct	gac	aag	ttt	gaa	acc	gtt	aca	tca	ggc	aca	aat	gta	acc	ttt	1056
Gln	Ala	Asp	Lys	Phe	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asn	Val	Thr	Phe	
			340					345					350			
gct	agt	ggg	aaa	ggg	aca	act	gcg	act	gta	agt	aaa	gat	gat	caa	ggc	1104
Ala	Ser	Gly	Lys	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Val	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asp	Gln	Gly	
		355					360					365				
aac	atc	act	gtt	aag	tat	gat	gta	aat	gtc	ggc	gat	gcc	cta	aac	gtc	1152
Asn	Ile	Thr	Val	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val	
	370					375					380					
aat	cag	ctg	caa	aac	agc	ggg	tgg	aat	ttg	gat	tcc	aaa	gcg	gtt	gca	1200
Asn	Gln	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	

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xiii

385	390	395	400	
ggt tct tcg ggc aaa gtc atc agc ggc aat gtt tcg ccg agc aag gga				1248
Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly	405	410	415	
aag atg gat gaa acc gtc aac att aat gcc ggc aac aac atc gag att				1296
Lys Met Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn Asn Ile Glu Ile	420	425	430	
acc cgc aac ggt aaa aat atc gac atc gcc act tcg atg gcg ccg cag				1344
Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser Met Ala Pro Gln	435	440	445	
ttt tcc agc gtt tcg ctc ggt gcg ggg gcg gat gcg ccc act ttg agc				1392
Phe Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser	450	455	460	
gtg gat gac gag ggc gcg ttg aat gtc ggc agc aag gat acc aac aaa				1440
Val Asp Asp Glu Gly Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Asp Thr Asn Lys	465	470	475	480
ccc gtc cgc att acc aat gtc gcc ccg ggc gtt aaa gag ggg gat gtt				1488
Pro Val Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val	485	490	495	
aca aac gtc gca caa ctt aaa ggc gtg gcg caa aac ttg aac aac cgc				1536
Thr Asn Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg	500	505	510	
atc gac aat gtg gac ggc aac gcg cgt gcg ggc atc gcc caa gcg att				1584
Ile Asp Asn Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile	515	520	525	
gca acc gca ggt cta gtt cag gcg tat ctg ccc ggc aag agt atg atg				1632
Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly Lys Ser Met Met	530	535	540	
gcg atc ggc ggc gac act tat cgc ggc gaa gcc ggt tac gcc atc ggc				1680
Ala Ile Gly Gly Asp Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly	545	550	555	560
tac tca agt att tcc gac ggc gga aat tgg att atc aaa ggc acg gct				1728
Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala	565	570	575	
tcc ggc aat tcg cgc ggc cat ttc ggt gct tcc gca tct gtc ggt tat				1776
Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr	580	585	590	
caa tgg taa				1785
Gln Trp	595			

<210> 7

<211> 594

<212> PRT

<213> Neisseria meningitidis

<400> 7

Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp

1

5

10

15

Val Val Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala

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XV

Asn Ile Thr Val Lys Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val
370 375 380

Asn Gln Leu Gln Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser Lys Ala Val Ala
385 390 395 400

Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly
405 410 415

Lys Met Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn Asn Ile Glu Ile
420 425 430

Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser Met Ala Pro Gln
435 440 445

Phe Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser
450 455 460

Val Asp Asp Glu Gly Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Asp Thr Asn Lys
465 470 475 480

Pro Val Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val
485 490 495

Thr Asn Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg
500 505 510

Ile Asp Asn Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile
515 520 525

Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly Lys Ser Met Met
530 535 540

Ala Ile Gly Gly Asp Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly
545 550 555 560

Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala
565 570 575

Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr
580 585 590

Gln Trp

<210> 8
<211> 1785
<212> DNA
<213> Neisseria meningitidis

<220>
<221> CDS
<222> (1)..(1785)

<400> 8
atg aac aaa ata tac cgc atc att tgg aat agt gcc ctc aat gcc tgg 48
Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp
1 5 10 15

gtc gcc gta tcc gag ctc aca cgc aac cac acc aaa cgc gcc tcc gca 96
Val Ala Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala
20 25 30

acc gtg gcg acc gcc gta ttg gcg aca ctg ttg ttt gca acg gtt cag 144
Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln

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xvi

35	40	45	
gcg agt act acc gat gac gac gat tta tat tta gaa ccc gta caa cgc	192		
Ala Ser Thr Thr Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Glu Pro Val Gln Arg			
50 55 60			
act gct gtc gtg ttg agc ttc cgt tcc gat aaa gaa ggc acg gga gaa	240		
Thr Ala Val Val Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Gly Glu			
65 70 75 80			
aaa gaa gtt aca gaa gat tca aat tgg gga gta tat ttc gac aag aaa	288		
Lys Glu Val Thr Glu Asp Ser Asn Trp Gly Val Tyr Phe Asp Lys Lys			
85 90 95			
gga gta cta aca gcc gga aca atc acc ctc aaa gcc ggc gac aac ctg	336		
Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Gly Thr Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu			
100 105 110			
aaa atc aaa caa aac acc aat gaa aac acc aat gcc agt agc ttc acc	384		
Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn Ala Ser Ser Phe Thr			
115 120 125			
tac tcg ctg aaa aaa gac ctc aca gat ctg acc agt gtt gga act gaa	432		
Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu			
130 135 140			
aaa tta tcg ttt agc gca aac agc aat aaa gtc aac atc aca agc gac	480		
Lys Leu Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Ser Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp			
145 150 155 160			
acc aaa ggc ttg aat ttc gcg aaa aaa acg gct gag acc aac ggc gac	528		
Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Ala Glu Thr Asn Gly Asp			
165 170 175			
acc acg gtt cat ctg aac ggt atc ggt tcg act ttg acc gat acg ctg	576		
Thr Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu			
180 185 190			
ctg aat acc gga gcg acc aca aac gta acc aac gac aac gtt acc gat	624		
Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp			
195 200 205			
gac gag aaa aaa cgt gcg gca agc gtt aaa gac gta tta aac gca ggc	672		
Asp Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly			
210 215 220			
tgg aac att aaa ggc gtt aaa ccc ggt aca aca gct tcc gat aac gtt	720		
Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val			
225 230 235 240			
gat ttc gtc cgc act tac gac aca gtc gag ttc ttg agc gca gat acg	768		
Asp Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr			
245 250 255			
aaa aca acg act gtt aat gtg gaa agc aaa gac aac ggc aag aga acc	816		
Lys Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Arg Thr			
260 265 270			
gaa gtt aaa atc ggt gcg aag act tct gtt atc aaa gaa aaa gac ggt	864		
Glu Val Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly			
275 280 285			
aag ttg gtt act ggt aaa gac aaa ggc gag aat gat tct tct aca gac	912		
Lys Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Asp Lys Gly Glu Asn Asp Ser Ser Thr Asp			
290 295 300			

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xvii

aaa ggc gaa ggc tta gtg act gca aaa gaa gtg att gat gca gta aac	960
Lys Gly Glu Gly Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Ala Val Asn	
305 310 315 320	
aag gct ggt tgg aga atg aaa aca aca acc gct aat ggt caa aca ggt	1008
Lys Ala Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Thr Ala Asn Gly Gln Thr Gly	
325 330 335	
caa gct gac aag ttt gaa acc gtt aca tca ggc aca aat gta acc ttt	1056
Gln Ala Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr Asn Val Thr Phe	
340 345 350	
gct agt ggt aaa ggt aca act gcg act gta agt aaa gat gat caa ggc	1104
Ala Ser Gly Lys Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys Asp Asp Gln Gly	
355 360 365	
aac atc act gtt atg tat gat gta aat gtc ggc gat gcc cta aac gtc	1152
Asn Ile Thr Val Met Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val	
370 375 380	
aat cag ctg caa aac agc ggt tgg aat ttg gat tcc aaa gcg gtt gca	1200
Asn Gln Leu Gln Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser Lys Ala Val Ala	
385 390 395 400	
ggt tct tcg ggc aaa gtc atc agc ggc aat gtt tcg ccg agc aag gga	1248
Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly	
405 410 415	
aag atg gat gaa acc gtc aac att aat gcc ggc aac aac atc gag att	1296
Lys Met Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn Asn Ile Glu Ile	
420 425 430	
acc cgc aac ggc aaa aat atc gac atc gcc act tcg atg acc ccg caa	1344
Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser Met Thr Pro Gln	
435 440 445	
ttt tcc agc gtt tcg ctc ggc gcg ggg gcg gat gcg ccc act tta agc	1392
Phe Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser	
450 455 460	
gtg gat gac gag ggc gcg ttg aat gtc ggc agc aag gat gcc aac aaa	1440
Val Asp Asp Glu Gly Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Asp Ala Asn Lys	
465 470 475 480	
ccc gtc cgc att acc aat gtc gcc ccg ggc gtt aaa gag ggg gat gtt	1488
Pro Val Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val	
485 490 495	
aca aac gtc gca caa ctt aaa ggc gtg gcg caa aac ttg aac aac cac	1536
Thr Asn Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn His	
500 505 510	
atc gac aat gtg gac ggc aac gcg cgt gcg ggc atc gcc caa gcg att	1584
Ile Asp Asn Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile	
515 520 525	
gca acc gca ggt ctg gtt cag gcg tat ctg ccc ggc aag agt atg atg	1632
Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly Lys Ser Met Met	
530 535 540	
gcg atc ggc ggc ggc act tat cgc ggc gaa gcc ggt tat gcc atc ggc	1680
Ala Ile Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly	
545 550 555 560	

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xviii

tac tca agc att tcc gac ggc gga aat tgg att atc aaa ggc acg gct 1728
Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala
565 570 575

tcc ggc aat tgc cgc ggc cat ttc ggt gct tcc gca tct gtc ggt tat 1776
Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr
580 585 590

cag tgg taa 1785
Gln Trp
595

<210> 9
<211> 594
<212> PRT
<213> Neisseria meningitidis

<400> 9
Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp
1 5 10 15
Val Ala Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala
20 25 30
Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln
35 40 45
Ala Ser Thr Thr Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Glu Pro Val Gln Arg
50 55 60
Thr Ala Val Val Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Gly Glu
65 70 75 80
Lys Glu Val Thr Glu Asp Ser Asn Trp Gly Val Tyr Phe Asp Lys Lys
85 90 95
Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Gly Thr Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu
100 105 110
Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn Ala Ser Ser Phe Thr
115 120 125
Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu
130 135 140
Lys Leu Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Ser Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp
145 150 155 160
Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Ala Glu Thr Asn Gly Asp
165 170 175
Thr Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu
180 185 190
Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp
195 200 205
Asp Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly
210 215 220
Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val
225 230 235 240
Asp Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

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xix

245										250					255				
Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Val	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asn	Gly	Lys	Arg	Thr				
			260					265					270						
Glu	Val	Lys	Ile	Gly	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ser	Val	Ile	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Gly				
		275					280					285							
Lys	Leu	Val	Thr	Gly	Lys	Asp	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asn	Asp	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asp				
	290					295					300								
Lys	Gly	Glu	Gly	Leu	Val	Thr	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Asn				
305					310					315					320				
Lys	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg	Met	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asn	Gly	Gln	Thr	Gly				
				325					330					335					
Gln	Ala	Asp	Lys	Phe	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asn	Val	Thr	Phe				
			340					345					350						
Ala	Ser	Gly	Lys	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Val	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asp	Gln	Gly				
		355					360					365							
Asn	Ile	Thr	Val	Met	Tyr	Asp	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val				
	370					375					380								
Asn	Gln	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala				
385					390					395					400				
Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys	Val	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn	Val	Ser	Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly				
				405					410					415					
Lys	Met	Asp	Glu	Thr	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ala	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ile	Glu	Ile				
			420					425					430						
Thr	Arg	Asn	Gly	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ser	Met	Thr	Pro	Gln				
		435					440					445							
Phe	Ser	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala	Pro	Thr	Leu	Ser				
	450					455					460								
Val	Asp	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys				
465					470					475					480				
Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr	Asn	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly	Val	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asp	Val				
				485				490						495					
Thr	Asn	Val	Ala	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gly	Val	Ala	Gln	Asn	Leu	Asn	Asn	His				
			500					505					510						
Ile	Asp	Asn	Val	Asp	Gly	Asn	Ala	Arg	Ala	Gly	Ile	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ile				
		515					520					525							
Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Leu	Val	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Ser	Met	Met				
	530					535					540								
Ala	Ile	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly				
545					550					555					560				
Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser	Asp	Gly	Gly	Asn	Trp	Ile	Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr	Ala				
				565				570						575					
Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Arg	Gly	His	Phe	Gly	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ser	Val	Gly	Tyr				
			580					585					590						

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

48	atg aac gaa ata tgg cgc atc atc tgg aat agc gcc ctc aat gcc tgg	Met Asn Gln Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp	1	5	10	15
96	gtc gtc gta tcc gag ctc aca cgc aac cac aac aac cgc gcc tcc gca	Val Val Val Ser Gln Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala	20	25	30	
144	acc gtg aag acc gcc gta tgg gcg act ctc gca acc gtc cag	Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln	35	40	45	
192	gca agt gct aac aat gaa gag caa gaa gaa gat tta tat tta gac ccc	Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Gln Gln Gln Gln Asp Leu Tyr Leu Asp Pro	50	55	60	
240	gtg cta cgc act gtc gcc gtg ata gtc aat tcc gat aac gaa ggc	Val Leu Arg Thr Val Ala Val Leu Ile Val Asn Ser Asp Lys Gln Gly	65	70	75	80
288	acg gga gaa aaa gaa gaa gta gaa gaa aat tca gat tgg gca gta tat	Thr Gly Gln Lys Gln Lys Val Gln Gln Asp Trp Ala Val Tyr	85	90	95	
336	ttc aac gag aaa gga gta cta aca gcc aga gaa atc acc ctc aaa gcc	Phe Asn Gln Lys Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Arg Gln Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala	100	105	110	
384	ggc gac aac ctc gaa atc aaa caa aac gcc aca aac ttc acc tac tgc	Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Gly Thr Asn Phe Thr Tyr Ser	115	120	125	
432	ctg aaa aaa gac ctc aca gat ctc acc agt gtc gga act gaa aaa tta	Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Gln Lys Leu	130	135	140	
480	tcg ttc agc gca aac gcc aat aaa gtc aac atc aca agc gac acc aaa	Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys	145	150	155	160
528	ggc tgg aat ttt gcg aaa gaa acg gct ggg acg aac gcc gac acc acg	Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Gln Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr	165	170	175	
576	gtt cat ctc aac ggt aat ggt tgc act ttc acc gat acc ctc gtc aat	Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn	180	185	190	
624	acc gga gcg acc aca aac gta acc aac gac aac gtc acc gat gac gag	Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Gln	195	200	205	

Gln Trp

<210> 10
 <211> 1776
 <212> DNA
 <213> Neisseria meningitidis

<220>
 <221> CDS
 <222> (1)..(1776)

<400> 10

XX

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

672	Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn	210	215	220	
720	att aaa ggc ggt aaa ccc ggt aca aca gct tcc gat aac gtt gat ttc	Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe	225	230	235
768	gtc cgc act tac gac aca gtc gag ttc ttg agc gca gat acg aaa aca	Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr	245	250	255
816	acg act gtt aat gtg gaa agc aaa gac aac ggc aag aaa acc gaa gtt	Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Val	260	265	270
864	aaa atc ggt ggc aag act tct gtt att aaa gaa aaa gac ggt aag ttg	Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu	275	280	285
912	ggt act ggt aaa gac aaa ggc gag aat ggt tct tct aca gac gaa ggc	Val Thr Gly Lys Asp Lys Gly Glu Asn Gly Ser Ser Thr Asp Glu Gly	290	295	300
960	gaa ggc tta gtg act gca aaa gaa gtg att gat gta aac aag gct	Glu Gly Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Ala Val Asn Lys Ala	305	310	315
1008	ggt tgg aga atg aaa aca aca acc gct aat ggt caa acc ggt caa gct	Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Ala Asn Gly Glu Thr Gly Glu Ala	325	330	335
1056	gac aag ttt gaa acc gtt aca tca ggc aca aat gta acc ttt gct agt	Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr Asn Val Thr Phe Ala Ser	340	345	350
1104	ggt aaa ggt aca acc gct gcy act gta agt aaa gat gaa ggc aac atc	Gly Lys Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys Asp Asp Glu Gly Asn Ile	355	360	365
1152	act gtt atg tat gat gta aat gtc ggc gat ggc cta aac gtc aat cag	Thr Val Met Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Glu	370	375	380
1200	ctg caa aac agc ggt tgg aat ttg gat tcc aaa gcy gtt gca ggt tct	Leu Glu Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Ser	385	390	395
1248	tcg ggc aaa gtc atc agc ggc aat gtt tcg ccg agc aag gga aag atg	Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys Met	405	410	415
1296	gat gaa acc gtc aac att aat ggc ggc aac aac atc gag att acc cgc	Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn Asn Ile Glu Ile Thr Arg	420	425	430
1344	aac ggt aaa aat atc gac atc gcc act tcg atg acc ccg cag ttt tcc	Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser Met Thr Pro Glu Phe Ser	435	440	445
1392	agc gtt tcg ctc ggc gcy ggc gat ggc ggc ggc ggc act ttg agc gtt gat	Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Asp	450	455	460
1440	ggg gac gca ttg aat gtc ggc agc aag aag gac aac aaa ccc gtc cgc				

XXI

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Accession	Protein	Length	Score	Ident	Positives	Negatives
<210> 11	Met Asn Gln Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp	1	5	10	15	
<211> 591						
<212> PRT						
<213> Neisseria meningitidis						
<400> 11						

1488	att acc aat gtc ggc ccc ggc ggt aaa gag ggg gat gtt aca aac gtc	ile thr asn val ala pro gty val lys gln gty asp val thr asn val	465	gly asp ala leu asn val	470	485	495	1536	gca caa ctt aaa ggc gty gca cca aac tlg aac aac ggc atc gac aat	ala gln leu lys gty val ala gln asn leu asn asn arg ile asp asn	510	1584	gtg gac ggc aac ggc cgt ggc ggc ggc atc ggc caa gln ala ile ala thr ala	ggt ctg gtt cag gcg tat tlg pro gln lys ser met met ala ile gty	530	540	555	560	1680	ggc ggc act tat cgc ggc gaa ggc ggt tac ggc atc ggc tac tcc agt	gly thr tyr ser	545	1728	att tcc gac ggc gga aat tgg att atc aaa ggc acg gct tcc ggc aat	ile ser asp gly asn	565	1776	tcg cgc ggc cat ttc ggt gtc tcc gca tct gtc ggt tat cag tgg taa	ser arg gly his phe gly ala ser ala tct gtc val gly tyr gln trp	580	585	590
------	---	---	-----	-------------------------	-----	-----	-----	------	---	---	-----	------	---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	---	-----------------	-----	------	---	---------------------	-----	------	---	---	-----	-----	-----

TTXX

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys	145	150	155	160
Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr	165	170	175	
Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn	180	185	190	
Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu	195	200	205	
Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn	210	215	220	
Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe	225	230	235	240
Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr	245	250	255	
Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Val	260	265	270	
Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu	275	280	285	
Val Thr Gly Lys Asp Lys Gly Glu Asn Gly Ser Thr Asp Glu Gly	290	295	300	
Glu Gly Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Ala Val Asn Lys Ala	305	310	315	320
Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Ala Asn Gly Glu Thr Gly Glu Ala	325	330	335	
Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr Asn Val Thr Phe Ala Ser	340	345	350	
Gly Lys Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys Asp Asp Glu Gly Asn Ile	355	360	365	
Thr Val Met Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Glu	370	375	380	
Leu Glu Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Ser	385	390	395	400
Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys Met	405	410	415	
Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn Asn Ile Glu Ile Thr Arg	420	425	430	
Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser Met Thr Pro Glu Phe Ser	435	440	445	
Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Asp	450	455	460	
Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Lys Asp Asn Lys Pro Val Arg	465	470	475	480
Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Asn Val	485	490	495	

xxiii

Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp Asn
500 505
Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Ala
515 520 525
Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile Gly
530 535 540
Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Gln Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser
545 550 555
Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn
565 570 575
Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp
580 585 590

<210> 12
<211> 1797
<212> DNA
<213> *Neisseria meningitidis*
<220>
<221> CDS
<222> (1)..(1797)
<400> 12

Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp
1 5 10 15
gtc gtc gta tcc gag ctc aca cgc aac acc aac ggc tcc gca
96 Val Val Val Ser Gln Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala
20 25 30
acc gtc gcg acc gcc gta ttg gca acg gtc cag
144 Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln
35 40 45
gcg aat gct acc gat gac gat tta tat tta gaa ccc gta caa cgc
192 Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Gln Pro Val Gln Arg
50 55 60
act gct gtc gtc gtc gtc agc ttc cgt tcc gat aaa gaa ggc acg gga gaa
240 Thr Ala Val Val Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Gln Gly Thr Gly Gln
65 70 75 80
aaa gaa ggt aca gaa gat tca aat tgg gca gta tat ttc gac gag aaa
288 Lys Gln Gly Thr Gln Asp Ser Asn Trp Ala Val Tyr Phe Asp Gln Lys
85 90 95
aga gta cta aaa gcc gga gca atc acc cta acc gaa ggc ggc asp asn leu
336 Arg Val Leu Lys Ala Gly Ala Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu
100 105 110
aaa atc aaa caa aac acc aat gaa aac acc aat gaa aac acc aat gac
384 Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Gln Asn Thr Asn Gln Asn Thr Asn Asp
115 120 125
agt agc ttc acc tac tcc ctg aaa aaa gac ctc aca gat ctg acc agt
432 Ser Ser Phe Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser
130 135 140

XXIV

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

480	ggt gaa act gaa aaa tta tcg ttt ggc gca aac ggt aat aaa gtc aac Val Glu Thr Glu Lys Leu Ser Phe Gly Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn 145 150 155 160
528	atc aca agc gac acc aaa ggc tgg aat ttt gcg aaa gaa acg gct ggg Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly 165 170 175
576	acg aac ggc gac ccc acg gtt cat ctg aac ggt atc ggt tcg act ttg Thr Asn Gly Asp Pro Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu 180 185 190
624	acc gat acg ctg ctg aat acc gga ggc acc aca aac gta acc aac gac Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp 195 200 205
672	aac gtt acc gat gac gag aaa aaa aac gct gcg gca agc gtt aaa gac gta Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val 210 215 220
720	tta aac gca ggc tgg aac att aaa ggc gtt aaa ccc ggt aca aca gct Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala 225 230 235 240
768	tcc gat aac gtt gat ttc gtc cgc act tac gac aca gtc gag ttc ttg Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu 245 250 255
816	agc gca gat acg aaa aca acg act gtt aat gtt gaa agc aaa gac aac Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn 260 265 270
864	ggc aag aaa acc gaa gtt aaa atc ggt gcg aag act tct gtt att aaa Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu Val Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys 275 280 285
912	gaa aaa gac ggt aag ttg gtt act ggt aaa ggc aaa gac gag aat ggt Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Gly Lys Asp Glu Asn Gly 290 300
960	tct tct tca gac gaa ggc gaa ggc tta gtt act gca aaa gaa gtt att Ser Ser Thr Asp Glu Gly Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Glu Val Ile 305 310 315 320
1008	gat gca gta aac aag gct ggt tgg aga atg aaa aca acc gct aat Asp Ala Val Asn Lys Ala Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Thr Ala Asn 325 330 335
1056	ggt caa aca ggt caa gct gac aag ttt gaa acc gtt aca tca ggc aca Gly Glu Thr Gly Glu Ala Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr 340 345 350
1104	aaa gta acc ttt gct agt ggt aat ggt aca act gcg act gta agt aaa Lys Val Thr Phe Ala Ser Gly Asn Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys 355 360 365
1152	gat gat caa ggc aac atc act gtt aag tat gat gta aat gtc ggc gat Asp Asp Glu Gly Asn Ile Thr Val Lys Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp 370 375 380
1200	ggc cta aac gtc aat cag ctg caa aac agc ggt tgg aat ttg gat tcc Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Glu Leu Gln Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser 385 390 395 400

XXV

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

1248	lys ala val ala gly ser ser gly lys val ile ser gly asn val ser	405	410	415	
1296	ccg agc aag gga aag atg gat gaa acc gtc aac att aat gcc ggc aac	420	425	430	
1344	aac atc gag att acc cgc aac ggc aaa aat atc gac atc gcc act tcg	435	440	445	
1392	atg acc ccg caa ttc tcc agc gtt tcg ctc gcc ggc ggc ggc gat gcc	450	455	460	
1440	ccc act tta agc atg gat gac gag ggc ggc atg aat gtc ggc agc aag	465	470	475	480
1488	gat gcc aac aaa ccc gtc cgc att acc aat gtc gcc ccg ggc ggt aaa	485	490	495	
1536	gag ggc gat gtt aca aac gtc gca caa ctt aaa ggt gtc ggc caa aac	500	505	510	
1584	ttg aac aac cgc atc gac aat gtc gac ggc aac ggc ggc ggc ggt atc	515	520	525	
1632	gcc caa ggc att gca acc gca ggt ttg gtc cag gcc tat ttg ccc gcc	530	535	540	
1680	aag agt atg atg ggc atc ggc ggc ggc ggt act tat cgc ggc gaa gcc	545	550	555	560
1728	tac gcc atc ggc tac tcg agc att tct gac act ggc aat ttg ggt atc	565	570	575	
1776	aag ggc acg gct tcc ggc aat tcg cgc ggc cat ttc ggt gct tcc gcc	580	585	590	
1797	tct gtc ggt tat cag tgg taa	595			
	ser val gly tyr gln trp				
<210> 13					
<211> 598					
<212> PRT					
<213> Neisseria meningitidis					
<400> 13					
Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp	1	5	10	15	
Val Val Val Ser Gln Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala	20	25	30		

XXVI

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln	35	40	45
Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Gln Pro Val Gln Arg	50	55	60
Thr Ala Val Val Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Gln Gly Thr Gly Gln	65	70	75
Lys Gln Gly Thr Gln Asp Ser Asn Trp Ala Val Tyr Phe Asp Gln Lys	85	90	95
Arg Val Leu Lys Ala Gly Ala Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu	100	105	110
Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Gln Asn Thr Asn Thr Asn Asp	115	120	125
Ser Ser Phe Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser	130	135	140
Val Gln Thr Gln Lys Leu Ser Phe Gly Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn	145	150	155
Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Gln Thr Ala Gly	165	170	175
Thr Asn Gly Asp Pro Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu	180	185	190
Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp	195	200	205
Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Asp Gln Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val	210	215	220
Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala	225	230	235
Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Gln Phe Leu	245	250	255
Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr Thr Thr Val Asn Val Gln Ser Lys Asp Asn	260	265	270
Gly Lys Lys Thr Gln Val Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys	275	280	285
Gln Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Gly Lys Asp Gln Asn Gly	290	295	300
Ser Ser Thr Asp Asp Gln Gly Gln Gly Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Gln Val Ile	305	310	315
Asp Ala Val Asn Lys Ala Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Thr Ala Asn	325	330	335
Gly Gln Thr Gly Gln Ala Asp Lys Phe Gln Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr	340	345	350
Lys Val Thr Phe Ala Ser Gly Asn Gly Thr Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys	355	360	365
Asp Asp Gln Gly Asn Ile Thr Val Lys Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp	370	375	380

XXVII

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Gln Leu Gln Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser 385 400
Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser 405 415
Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys Met Asp Gln Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn 420 430
Asn Ile Gln Ile Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser 435 445
Met Thr Pro Gln Phe Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala 450 460
Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Asp Asp Gln Gly Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys 465 475
Asp Ala Asn Lys Pro Val Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys 485 495
Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Asn Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn 500 510
Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp Asn Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile 515 525
Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Ala Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly 530 540
Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Gln Ala Gly 545 555
Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Thr Gly Asn Trp Val Ile 565 575
Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala 580 590
Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp 595

<210> 14
<211> 1800
<212> DNA
<213> Neisseria meningitidis
<220>
<221> CDS
<222> (1)..(1800)
<400> 14

atg aac aaa ata tac cgc atc att tgg aat agt gcc ctc aat gcc tgg 48
Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp 15
gtc gcc gta tcc gag ctc aca cgc aac cac acc aaa cgc gcc tcc gca 96
Val Ala Val Ser Gln Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala 30
acc gtg aag acc gcc gta tgg gcg acc gcg ctc gtc ttg gca acg gtc cag 144
Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln 45
40

xxviii

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

912	aaa gaa aaa gac ggt aag ttg gtt act ggt aaa ggc aaa ggc gag aat Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Gly Lys Glu Asn 290
864	aac ggc aag aga acc gaa gtt aaa atc ggt ggc aag act tct gtt att Asn Gly Lys Arg Thr Glu Val Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile 275 280 285
816	ttg agc gca gat acg aaa aca acg act gtt aat gtt gaa agc aaa gac Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp 260 265 270
768	gct tcc gat aac gtt gat ttg gtt phe val his thr tyr asp thr val glu phe Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe Val His Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe 245 250 255
720	gta tta aac gca ggc ttg aac att aaa ggc gtt aaa ccc ggt aca aca Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr 225 230 235 240
672	gac aac gtt acc gat gac aag aaa aaa cgt ggc gca agc gtt aaa gac Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Lys Lys Lys Arg Ala Ser Val Lys Asp 210 215 220
624	ttg acc gat acc ctg ctg aat acc gga ggc acc aca aac gta acc aac Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn 195 200 205
576	ggg acg aac ggc gac acc acg gtt cat ctg aac ggt att ggt tct act Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr 180 185 190
528	aac atc aca agc gac acc aaa ggc ttg aat ttc ggc aaa gaa agc gct Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala 165 170 175
480	agt gtt gaa act gaa aaa tta tct ggc gca aac ggc aat aaa gtc Ser Val Glu Thr Glu Lys Leu Ser Phe Gly Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val 145 150 155 160
432	gac agt acc ttc acc tac tct ctg aaa gac ctc aca gat ctg acc Asp Ser Ser Phe Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr 130 135 140
384	ctg aaa atc aaa caa aac acc aat aaa aac acc aat gaa aac acc aat Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Lys Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn 115 120 125
336	cac aac act cta cac ggc gca acc gtt acc ctc aaa ggc ggc gac aac His Asn Thr Leu His Gly Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn 100 105 110
288	gaa aac gaa tct aca gga aat ata ggt ttg agt ata tat tac gac aat Glu Asn Glu Ser Thr Gly Asn Ile Gly Trp Ser Ile Tyr Tyr Asp Asn 85 90 95
240	cgc tct gct ctg gtt ctg ttg caa ttc atg gat gaa ggc aat gga Arg Ser Ala Leu Val Leu Gln Phe Met Ile Asp Lys Glu Gly Asn Gly 65 70 75 80
192	gcg aat gct acc gat gaa gat gaa gaa gaa gaa gaa gaa gaa gaa gaa Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Glu Asp Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Pro Val Val 50 55 60

xxix

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU[illegible]

XXX

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Gln Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile
 565 570
 atc aaa ggc acg gct tcc ggc aat tcg cgc ggt cat ttc ggt gct tcc
 580 585
 Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser
 590
 gca tct gtc ggt tat cag tgg taa
 600
 Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp
 595
 <210> 15
 <211> 599
 <212> PRT
 <213> Neisseria meningitidis
 <400> 15
 Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp
 1 5 10 15
 Val Ala Val Ser Gln Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala
 20 25 30
 Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln
 35 40 45
 Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Gln Asp Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Pro Val Val
 50 55 60
 Arg Ser Ala Leu Val Leu Gln Phe Met Ile Asp Lys Gln Gly Asn Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Gln Asn Gln Ser Thr Gly Asn Ile Gly Trp Ser Ile Tyr Tyr Asp Asn
 85 90 95
 His Asn Thr Leu His Gly Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn
 100 105 110
 Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Lys Asn Thr Asn Gln Asn Thr Asn
 115 120 125
 Asp Ser Ser Phe Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr
 130 135 140
 Ser Val Gln Thr Gln Lys Leu Ser Phe Gly Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val
 145 150 155 160
 Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Gln Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr
 180 185 190
 Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn
 195 200 205
 Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp
 210 215 220
 Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe Val His Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Gln Phe
 245 250 255

XXXX

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp
Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser 580
585
Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile 570
565
Gly Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Gln Ala 550
545
Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro 535
530
Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp Asn Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly 520
515
Lys Gln Gly Asp Val Thr Asn Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln 505
500
Lys Asp Ala Asn Lys Pro Val Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val 485
490
Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Asp Lys Gly Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser 470
465
Ser Met Thr Pro Gln Phe Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp 455
450
Asn Asn Ile Gln Ile Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr 440
435
Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys Met Asp Gln Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly 425
420
Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val 410
405
Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Gln Leu Gln Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp 395
385
Lys Asp Asp Gln Gly Asn Ile Thr Val Lys Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly 375
370
Thr Asn Val Thr Phe Ala Ser Gly Lys Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser 360
355
Asn Gly Gln Thr Gly Gln Ala Asp Lys Phe Gln Thr Val Thr Ser Gly 345
340
Ile Asp Ala Val Asn Lys Ala Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Ala 330
325
Gly Ser Ser Thr Asp Gln Gly Gln Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Gln Val 315
310
Lys Gln Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Gly Lys Gln Asn 295
290
Asn Gly Lys Arg Thr Gln Val Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile 280
275
Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr Thr Val Asn Val Gln Ser Lys Asp 260
265
270

XXXX!

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

48	atg aac aaa ata tac cgc atc att tgg aat agt gcc ctc aat gcc tgg	Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp	1
96	gtc gcc gta tcc gag ctc aca cgc aac cac acc aaa cgc gcc tcc gca	Val Ala Val Ser Gln Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala	20
144	acc gtg aag acc gcc gta ttg cgc aca cta ttg ttg ttt gca acg gtt cag	Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln	35
192	gcg aat gct acc gat gaa gat gaa gaa gag tta gaa tcc gta caa	Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Gln Asp Gln Gln Gln Gln Ser Val Gln	50
240	cgc tct gtc gta ggg agc att caa gcc agt atg gaa ggc agc gtc gaa	Arg Ser Val Val Gln Ser Ile Gln Ala Ser Met Gln Gln Ser Val Gln	65
288	ttg gaa acg ata tca tca tca atg act aac gag agc aag gaa ttt gta	Leu Gln Thr Ile Ser Leu Ser Met Thr Asn Asp Ser Lys Gln Phe Val	85
336	gac cca tac ata gta gtt acc ctc aaa gcc ggc gag aac cta aaa atc	Asp Pro Tyr Ile Val Val Thr Leu Lys Ala Gln Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile	100
384	aaa caa aac acc aat gaa aac acc aat gcc agt agc ttc acc tac tgc	Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Gln Asn Thr Asn Ala Ser Ser Phe Thr Tyr Ser	115
432	ctg aaa aaa gac ctc aca gcc cta ctg atc atg gaa act gaa aaa tta	Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Gln Ile Asn Val Gln Thr Gln Lys Leu	130
480	tcg ttt ggc gca aac ggc aag aaa gtc aac atc ata agc gag acc aaa	Ser Phe Gln Ala Asn Gln Lys Lys Val Asn Ile Ile Ser Asp Thr Lys	145
528	ggc ttg aat ttc gcg aaa gaa acg gct ggg acg aac ggc gag acc acg	Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Gln Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gln Asp Thr Thr	165
576	gtt cat ctg aac ggt atc ggt tgc act ttg acc gat atg ctg ctg aat	Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Met Leu Leu Asn	180
624	acc gga gcg acc aca aac gta acc aac gac aac gtt acc gat gac gag	Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Gln	195

595

XXXXII

ΛΤΧΧΧ

[illegible]

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Asp Glu Gly Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Asp Ala Asn Lys Pro Val 465
Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Asn 485
cgc att acc aat gtc gcc ccg ggc gtt aaa gag ggg gat gtt aca aac 490
Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp 510
aat gtc aac ggc aac ggc ggc ggc ggc ggc ggc ggc ggc ggc ggc 520
Asn Val Asn Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr 525
gca ggt ctg gtt cag gcg tat ctg gcc ggc aag agt atg atg gcg atc 530
Ala Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile 540
ggc ggc ggc act tat ctc ggc gaa gcc ggt tat gcc atc ggc tac tca 550
Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Leu Gly Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser 560
agc att tcc gcc ggc ggc aat tgg att atc aaa ggc acg gct tcc ggc 570
Ser Ile Ser Ala Gly Asn Trp Ile Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly 575
aat tcc ggc ggc cat ttc ggt gct tcc gca tct gtc ggt tat cag tgg 580
Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Trp 590
taa

1779

1776

1728

1680

1632

1584

1536

1488

XXXXV

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Leu Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr	Gly	Ile	Asn	Val	Glu	Thr	Lys	Leu	130
135													140
Ser	Phe	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly	Lys	Val	Asn	Ile	Ser	Asp	Thr	145
150													155
Gly	Leu	Asn	Phe	Ala	Lys	Glu	Thr	Ala	Gly	Thr	Asn	Gly	165
165													170
Val	His	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Gly	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Asp	Met	175
180													185
Thr	Gly	Ala	Thr	Asn	Val	Thr	Asn	Asp	Asn	Val	Thr	Asp	195
200													205
Lys	Lys	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser	Val	Lys	Asp	Val	Leu	Asn	Ala	210
215													220
Ile	Lys	Gly	Val	Val	Lys	Pro	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ser	Asp	225
230													235
Val	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ala	Asp	245
245													250
Thr	Thr	Val	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asn	Gly	Lys	Thr	255
260													265
Lys	Ile	Gly	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ser	Val	Ile	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp	270
275													280
Val	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Ser	Thr	Asp	285
290													295
Glu	Gly	Leu	Val	Thr	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	305
310													315
Gly	Trp	Arg	Met	Lys	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asn	Gly	Glu	Thr	Gly	325
325													330
Asp	Lys	Phe	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val	Thr	335
340													345
Gly	Asn	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Val	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asp	Glu	350
355													360
Thr	Val	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asn	365
370													375
Leu	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	380
385													390
Ser	Gly	Lys	Val	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn	Val	Ser	Pro	Ser	Lys	395
405													410
Asp	Glu	Thr	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ala	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ile	Glu	415
420													425
Asn	Gly	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ser	Met	Thr	Pro	430
435													440
Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala	Pro	Thr	Leu	445
450													455
Asp	Glu	Gly	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asn	460
465													470
475													480

XXXXVI

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Gln Gly Asp Val Thr Asn
500
Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp
505
Asn Val Asn Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr
515
Ala Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile
530
Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Leu Gly Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser
545
Ser Ile Ser Ala Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly
565
Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp
580
585

<210> 18
<211> 1770
<212> DNA
<213> Neisseria meningitidis
<220>
<221> CDS
<222> (1)..(1770)
<400> 18

atg aac aaa ata tac cgc atc att tgg aat agt gcc ctc aat gcc tgg
1
Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp
5
10
gta gtc gta tcc gag ctc aca cgc aac cac acc aaa cgc gcc tcc gca
20
Val Val Val Ser Gln Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala
30
acc gtg gcg acc gcc gta ttg gcg aca cta cta gcc tcc gca acg gtc cag
40
Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Ser Ala Thr Val Gln
45
gcg aat gct acc gat acc gat gaa gat gaa gag tta gaa tcc gta gca
50
Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Thr Asp Gln Asp Gln Leu Gln Ser Val Ala
55
ggc tct gct ctg gtg ttg caa ttc atg atc gat aaa gaa ggc aat gga
60
Arg Ser Ala Leu Val Leu Gln Phe Met Ile Asp Lys Gln Gly Asn Gly
70
gaa atc gaa tct aca gga gat ata ggt tgg agt ata tat tac gac gat
85
Gln Ile Gln Ser Thr Gly Asp Ile Gly Trp Ser Ile Tyr Tyr Asp
90
cac aac act cta cac ggc gca acc gtt acc ctc aaa ggc ggc gac aac
100
His Asn Thr Leu His Gly Ala Thr Val Trp Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn
110
ctg aaa atc aaa caa agc ggc aaa gac ttc acc tac tcg ctg aaa aaa
120
Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Ser Gly Lys Asp Phe Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys
125

XXXXVI!

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

[illegible]

TTTΛXXX

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU[illegible]

X T X X X

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

35	Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Thr Asp Glu Glu Leu Glu Ser Val Ala	50	370	Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Gln Asn	380
40	His Asn Thr Leu His Gly Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn	55	375		
	Glu Ile Glu Ser Thr Gly Asp Ile Gly Trp Ser Ile Tyr Tyr Asp Asp	60	380		
	Arg Ser Ala Leu Val Leu Gln Phe Met Ile Asp Lys Glu Gly Asn Gly	65	385		
	Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Ser Gly Lys Asp Phe Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys	70	390		
	Glu Leu Lys Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Glu Thr Glu Lys Leu Ser Phe Gly	75	395		
	Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn	80	400		
	Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Pro Thr Val His Leu	85	405		
	Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Ala Gly Ser Ser Ala	90	410		
	Ser His Val Asp Ala Gly Asn Gln Ser Thr His Tyr Thr Arg Ala Ala	95	415		
	Ser Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys	100	420		
	Thr Gly Ser Thr Thr Thr Gly Gln Ser Glu Asn Val Asp Phe Val Arg Thr	105	425		
	Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr Thr Val	110	430		
	Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Arg Thr Glu Val Lys Ile Gly	115	435		
	Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu Val Thr Gly	120	440		
	Lys Gly Lys Glu Glu Asn Gly Ser Thr Asp Glu Glu Glu Gly Leu	125	445		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	130	450		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	135	455		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	140	460		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	145	465		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	150	470		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	155	475		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	160	480		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	165	485		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	170	490		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	175	495		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	180	500		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	185	505		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	190	510		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	195	515		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	200	520		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	205	525		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	210	530		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	215	535		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	220	540		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	225	545		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	230	550		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	235	555		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	240	560		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	245	565		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	250	570		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	255	575		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	260	580		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	265	585		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	270	590		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	275	595		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	280	600		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	285	605		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	290	610		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	295	615		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	300	620		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	305	625		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	310	630		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	315	635		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	320	640		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	325	645		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	330	650		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	335	655		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	340	660		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	345	665		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	350	670		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	355	675		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	360	680		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	365	685		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	370	690		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	375	695		
	Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr	380	700		

x1

TX

Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys	385
	390
	395
	400

Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys Met Asp Gln Thr
405 410 415

Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn Asn Ile Glu Ile Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys
420 425 430

	Asn Ile Asp	Ile Ala Thr	Thr Ser Met	Thr Pro Gln Phe	Ser Val Ser
435					
440					
445					

Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Asp Asp Glu Gly 450
455
460

Ala	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	470	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys	Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr	480
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Gln Gly Asp Val Thr Asn Val Ala Gln
485
490
495

500 505 510
Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Arg Ile Asp Asn Val Asn

Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu 515
520
525

ALA GIN ALA IYI LEU FIO GIL LYS SER MET MET ALA IIE GIL GIL GIL 530
535
540

545 Thr Tyr Leu Gly Gln Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser
550 Thr Tyr Leu Gly Gln Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser
555 Thr Tyr Leu Gly Gln Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser
560 Thr Tyr Leu Gly Gln Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser

ASP THE GUY ASH TIP VAL THE LYS GUY THE AID SET GUY ASH SET AIG 565

080 585

<210> 20

<211> 1776

<212> DNA

<213> Neiss

<220>

<221> CDS

$\langle 222 \rangle$ (1) . .

<400> 20

1 atg aac aaa ata tac cgc atc att tgg aat agt gcc ctc cat gca tgg
Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp

g t c g t c g t a t c c g a g c t c a c a c g c a a c c a c c a a a c g c g c c t c c g c a
v a l v a l v a l s e r g l u l e u t h r a r g a s n h i s t h r l y s a r g a l a s e r a l a

acc gta aag acc gcc gta ttg ggc act ctg ttg ttg gca acc gtt cag
Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Val Gln

gca agt gct aac aat gaa gag caa gaa gaa gat tta tat tta gac ccc
Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Asp Leu Tyr Leu Asp Pro

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

[illegible]

TTTX

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

1008	ggt tgg aga atg aag aca acc gct aat ggt caa acc ggt caa gca ggt caa gct	325	330	335
1056	gac aag ttt gaa acc gtt aca tca ggc aca aat gta acc ttt gct agt	340	345	350
1104	ggt aaa ggt aca act ggc act gta agt aaa gat gat caa ggc aac atc	355	360	365
1152	act gtt atg tat gat gta aat gtc ggc gat gcc cta aac gtc aat cag	370	375	380
1200	ctg caa aac aac agc ggt tgg aat tgg gat tcc aaa gcg gtt gca ggt tct	385	390	400
1248	tcg ggc aaa gtc atc agc ggc aat gtt tcc agc aag gga aag atg	405	410	415
1296	gat gaa acc gtc aac att aat gcc ggc aac aac atc gag att acc cgc	420	425	430
1344	aac ggt aaa aat atc gac atc gcc act tcc agt acc ccg cag ttt tcc	435	440	445
1392	agc gtt tcc gtc ggc ggc ggc gat ggc ggc ggc act tcc agc gtt gat	450	455	460
1440	ggg gac gca ttg aat gtc ggc agc aag aag gac aac aaa ccc gtc cgc	465	470	475
1488	att acc aat gtc gcc ccg ggc gtt aaa gag ggc gat gtt aca aac gtc	485	490	495
1536	gca caa ctt aaa ggc gtc ggc caa aac tgg aac aac cgc atc gac aat	500	505	510
1584	gtg gac ggc aac ggc ggt ggc ggc atc gcc caa gcg att gca acc gca	515	520	525
1632	ggt ctg gtt cag ggc tat tgg ccc ggc aag agt atg atg ggc atc ggc	530	535	540
1680	ggc ggc act tat cgc ggc gaa gcc ggt tac gcc atc ggc tac tcc agt	545	550	555
1728	att tcc gac ggc gga aat tgg att atc aaa ggc agc gct tcc ggc aat	565	570	575
1776	tcg cgc ggc cat ttc ggt gct tcc gca tct gtc ggt tat cag tgg taa			

xlili

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

Val Thr Gly Lys Asp Lys Gly Asn Gly Ser Thr Asp Gly Gly
 Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu 275
 280
 Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Val 260
 265
 Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr 245
 250
 225
 Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe 230
 235
 Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn 210
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 Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu 195
 200
 Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn 180
 185
 Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr 165
 170
 Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys 145
 150
 Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu Lys Leu 130
 135
 Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile Lys Glu Asn Gly Thr Asn Phe Thr Tyr Ser 115
 120
 Phe Asn Glu Lys Gly Val Leu Thr Thr Ala Arg Glu Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala 100
 105
 Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Asn Ser Asp Trp Ala Val Tyr 85
 90
 Val Glu Arg Thr Val Ala Val Leu Ile Val Asn Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly 65
 70
 Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Glu Glu Glu Glu Asp Leu Tyr Leu Asp Pro 50
 55
 Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Glu 35
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 Val Val Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala 20
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 Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp 1
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 <213> Neisseria meningitidis
 <212> PRT
 <211> 591
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X11V

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: 5' oligonucleotide primer for PCR

<210> 22
<211> 21
<212> DNA
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Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Ala Asn Gly Gln Thr Gly Gln Ala 320
Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr Asn Val Thr Phe Ala Ser 335
Gly Lys Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys Asp Asp Gln Gly Asn Ile 350
Thr Val Met Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Gln 365
Leu Gln Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Ser 380
Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys Met 395
Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn Asn Ile Glu Ile Thr Arg 410
Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser Met Thr Pro Gln Phe Ser 425
Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Asp 440
Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Lys Asp Asn Lys Pro Val Arg 455
Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Asn Val 470
Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp Asn 485
Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Ala 495
Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile Gly 510
Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Ala 525
Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp 540
Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn 555
Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser 570
Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp 585
Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp 590

290 295 300

xlv

Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

PCT/AU98/01031

WO 99/31132

xlv

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<210> 23
<211> 18
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<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: 3'
oligonucleotide primer for PCR

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<210> 25
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<213> Artificial Sequence

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oligonucleotide primer for PCR

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5'oligonucleotide primer for PCR

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Substitute Sheet
(Rule 26) RO/AU

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<211> 18
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18

xlv11

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER Int Cl ⁶ : C07K 14/22; C12N 15/31 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) Int Cl ⁶ : C07K 14/22; C12N 15/31 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched As below Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) CA) TREMBL WPAT) Neisseria meningitidis adhesins Medline) GENPEPT) Applicant's sequences) SWISS PROT PIR)		C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Category*</th> <th>Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages</th> <th>Relevant to claim No.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>VRGI, M. Adv. in Exp. Med and Biol. 1996. 408: 113-122</td> <td>ALL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>RUDEL, T. et al. Nature 1995. 373: 357-359</td> <td>ALL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>VRGI, M. et al. Mol Microbiol. 1992. 6(19): 2785-2795</td> <td>ALL</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	A	VRGI, M. Adv. in Exp. Med and Biol. 1996. 408: 113-122	ALL	A	RUDEL, T. et al. Nature 1995. 373: 357-359	ALL	A	VRGI, M. et al. Mol Microbiol. 1992. 6(19): 2785-2795	ALL
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A	VRGI, M. Adv. in Exp. Med and Biol. 1996. 408: 113-122	ALL													
A	RUDEL, T. et al. Nature 1995. 373: 357-359	ALL													
A	VRGI, M. et al. Mol Microbiol. 1992. 6(19): 2785-2795	ALL													
<input type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C <input type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex															
Date of the actual completion of the international search 7 January 1999		Date of mailing of the international search report 21 JAN 1999													
Name and mailing address of the ISA/AU AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE PO BOX 200 WODEN ACT 2606 AUSTRALIA Facsimile No.: (02) 6285 3929		Authorized officer GILLIAN ALLEN Telephone No.: (02) 6283 2266													

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

international application No.

PCT/AU 98/01031

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1.

Claims Nos.:

because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

2.

Claims Nos.: (A) 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9; (B) 20(1) and 21

because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:

(A) Claims 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9 are not clear. They are essentially to polypeptides which have immunological activity against themselves or their parent organism (*Neisseria meningitidis*). This concept is virtually meaningless.

continued

3.

Claims Nos.:

because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a)

Box II

Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1.

As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims

2.

As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.

3.

As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:

4.

No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.

No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/AU 98/01031

Box BOX 1 (2)

Antigens do not display immunological activity against themselves, or the organism from which they derive. However, as far as I can determine, these claims are intended to encompass either:

(i) antigenic polypeptides or their encoding nucleic acids according to claims 1, 4 or 7, which provide protective immunity to an animal or human against *Neisseria meningitidis* infection, or

(ii) antibodies to such antigenic polypeptides.

Since these concepts are covered by other claims the lack of search on these claims does not affect the search coverage of the claims in toto.

(B) Claims 20(1) and 21 are to any antibodies against *Neisseria meningitidis*. They lack support from the description as they are not limited to antibodies to the polypeptides of the invention.